59 New! JUST OUT! IMPROVED MECHANISM IN THE NEW MODEL ROLEX 59


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## MARGINAL COLUMN

By GEORGE LEONOF

MARSHAL Tito's Yugoslavia has in recent weeks appeared as the chief advocate of the idea that the time is fast approaching for the "non-bloc" forces to play a decisive role in international affairs aimed at reducing tensions between the West and the Soviet Union. Reports by Western correspondents that the Yugoslav President is about to summon the uncommitted nations to some neutralist summit are still unofficial. But the recent comments in the inspired Yugoslav press leave no doubt that Belgrade strongly supports a new concerted effort by the unaligned states. This effort is expected to produce the diplomatic straw that will break the back of the East-West deadlock already overburdened by reams of notes and a conglomeration of ponderous principles.

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IT is not certain whether Yugoslavia is the qualified spokesman of the neutralist camp, but the chances are that she may is. Suggestions that Prime Minister Nehru of India is sceptical of the advisability of any dramatic move at this time are based on the presumption that Yugoslavia is planning a dramatic move. There is nothing to indicate that this need be the case, since a "concerted effort" could be made as effectively well behind the headlines. Indeed, it is by no means certain that Mr. Nehru has not, in fact, already started the ball rolling in his talks with the British Prime Minister, who visited India last week in the course of his Commonwealth tour.

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THE Indian and Yugoslav conception of neutralism was clearly formulated in their joint statement in 1954, when Marshal Tito and Premier Nehru declared that "the policy of non-participation in blocs adopted and pursued by their Governments is not 'neutrality' — that is passivity — as is sometimes alleged, but an active, positive and constructive policy which aspires to collective peace on which alone collective security can rest." That they were not "neutral" was soon confirmed by their common stand on such questions as suspension of atomic tests, prohibition of nuclear weapons, and on military alliances—which closely approximated that of the Soviet Union. That they have not been as active as they would like was largely due to this affinity with the Soviet position on such questions — not to speak of Yugoslavia's views on the German problem. Whether or not they were entitled to their views was an academic question which did nothing, as far as the West was concerned, to make these views acceptable or their holders acceptable arbiters.

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"ACTIVIZATION" of the neutralist philosophy at this time can be traced directly to the "Year of the Sputnik." A number of events have prompted the hope in both India and Yugoslavia that Western public opinion may now be more receptive to the views they so recently rejected, provided they are pressed from a source outside the Soviet bloc. Chief of these events was the rapid development of guided missiles and increased fears that misguided judgment could launch them. Another event was the Nato summit conference in Paris at which, though it was agreed to "harmonize" Western replies to the Bulganin letters, there was no clear-cut agreement on future policy. Yet another factor was the attitude of West Germany, which was inclined to view the need for some new approach to disarmament as more urgent even than the question of German reunification.

*Jerusalem, January 22.*

# Anglo-U.S. Motion To Suspend Planting

NEW YORK, Tuesday.—The British and U.S. delegations today co-sponsored a Security Council resolution calling on Israel temporarily to halt its afforestation project in the Mount Mukkaber area south of Jerusalem.

The two delegations tabled a draft resolution on the eve of the Council's resumed debate on a Jordanian complaint that Israel violated the "no-man's-land" agreement by planting trees in the region. The debate opens tomorrow morning.

The resolution said the British and Americans were "motivated by a desire to reduce tensions and avoid the creation of new incidents."

The resolution says: "The parties should discuss, through the Mixed Armistice Commission, civilian activities in the zone.

"In order to create an atmosphere which would be more constructive to fruitful discussion, activities in the zone such as those initiated by the Israelis on July 22, 1957, should be suspended until such time as the survey will have been completed and provisions made for the regulation of activities in the zone.

"Such discussions should be completed within a period of two months and the Security Council should be advised of the result of the discussions.

"The Chief of Staff (of the U.N. Truce Supervision Organization) to report on the implementation of this resolution."

The resolution also calls on the UNTSO Chief of Staff to direct Israel not to use Arab-owned properties in the zone while the Jordanians are not to be permitted to use Israel-owned properties. It also instructs him to make a survey of property records in the area to determine ownership.

Both Jordan and Israel would be ordered by the resolution "to remove or destroy all their respective military facilities and installations in the zone."

*(Reuter, INA)*

## Dag Sees Case For Arbitration

UNITED NATIONS, Tuesday (INA). — Secretary-General Dag Hammarskjold said today that the afforestation dispute between Jordan and Israel belongs properly in the Security Council, rather than in the sphere of "quiet diplomacy."

He made the statement immediately after the presentation of a resolution in this connection to the Security Council (see adjoining column.)

He was asked whether it would not have been better to have held private talks on the issue similar to those held by Dr. Francisco Urrutia in the Middle East on Mt. Scopus. The Secretary-General pointed out that the cases are not similar, there being a previous agreement (made in 1948) on Mt. Scopus.

The afforestation issue, he declared, is a controversy "involving differing local views," and that this question "is one for arbitration rather than mediation."

### Pleased by Quiet

Mr. Hammarskjold expressed pleasure at the present quiet along the Israel-Arab borders. Mentioning that Rav-Aluf Moshe Dayan had recently spoken of calm along the borders, he stated, "It is good to hear such an expression and it is always pleasant to receive confirmation of one's own impressions."

He said there was no basis to rumours of efforts being made for the rectification of Israel-Jordan borders where villages have been cut asunder by the armistice agreement.

The Israel Ambassador, Mr. Abba Eban, said yesterday that Israel's frontiers were more peaceful now largely because war in the Middle East would involve the "atomic powers." He told the 30th anniversary luncheon meeting of the Women's League for Israel that another reason was Israel's "demonstrated ability" to defend herself.

The Secretary-General said acceptance of a proposal for a non-atomic central zone in Europe "might reflect a growing atmosphere of confidence, and it might contribute to it."

## Urrutia in London Calls on Noble

LONDON, Tuesday (Reuter). — Dr. Francisco Urrutia, special U.N. envoy in the recent Jordan-Israel dispute over the demilitarized zone on Mount Scopus, today called on Commander Allan Noble, Minister of State at the Foreign Office.

A British spokesman described it as a courtesy visit on Mr. Noble, who led Britain's delegation on the U.N. General Assembly in New York last year.

Dr. Urrutia arrived here by air this morning from the Middle East on his way back to New York. He is planning to leave London later tonight.

## Fawzi: 'Nationalist Rule' Will Come in Jordan

CAIRO, Tuesday (UP).—Foreign Minister Mahmoud Fawzi told the National Assembly last night that Egypt would not contribute its promised subsidy of LE5m. to Jordan because the Amman Government was "sowing seeds of dissension among the Arab states."

Egypt, with Syria and Saudi Arabia, pledged to support Jordan with an annual subsidy after Jordan broke its economic ties with Britain. Only Saudi Arabia has honoured the commitment.

**Fawzi told the Assembly, however, that the Arab solidarity agreement of January, 1957, in which Egypt bound herself to annual payments to Jordan, should remain in force "because time will come when nationalist rule is installed in Jordan."**

## Anglo-Egyptian Talks Resume Next Week

CAIRO, Tuesday (Reuter).—Anglo-Egyptian financial talks will be resumed in Rome on January 30, it was officially announced today.

## KUWATLY DUE IN CAIRO TO SIGN UNION ACCORD

President Kuwatly of Syria is due to arrive in Cairo soon to sign a federal union accord, according to an Egyptian press report quoted by Cairo radio last night. It did not amplify the report.

Meanwhile, the Syrian Foreign Minister, Salah Bitar, who has been in the Egyptian capital for several days conferring with Abdul Nasser and other Egyptian officials on the proposed union, returned to Damascus yesterday.

Before leaving, he stated that the Egyptian Finance Minister and the Syrian Ambassador, were scheduled to sign a payments agreement.

Amman Radio claimed yesterday that Egypt has told Syria that a single party political system along Egyptian lines must be formed in Syria before any union between the two countries can take place.

Ramallah Radio's political commentator pointed out that a "real" Arab union will come about with a "great Arab revolt under King Hussein and the Hashemites" and not that "preached by the dictators in Cairo and Damascus who act only on instructions from their red masters in Moscow."

The Jordan Foreign Minister, Samir Rifai, told parliament last night that comment broadcast by Ramallah Radio did not represent Government policy. He was referring to the radio's criticism of Syrian-Egyptian unity.

(Middle East Scene—Page 4)

## Restitution Payments To Continue—Adenauer

BONN, Tuesday (Reuter).—Chancellor Konrad Adenauer has assured Dr. Nahum Goldmann, President of the Jewish Claims Conference, that West German compensation payments to victims of Nazism will continue unchanged.

The Government Press Office said today that Dr. Adenauer gave this assurance to Dr. Goldmann when he received him yesterday. It said that Dr. Goldmann had informed the Chancellor about "a certain concern which has arisen recently in circles of those affected."

Dr. Goldmann is on his way to Rome where he is taking part in a conference beginning on Thursday, informed sources said.

## $1,410m. for U.S. Emergency Defence

WASHINGTON, Tuesday (Reuter). — The House of Representatives Appropriations Committee today approved a $1,410m. emergency defence fund to be devoted to missiles and air force striking power.

This is $40m. more than President Eisenhower requested in his State of the Union message two weeks ago.

## U.S. 'Realigning' Air Power in U.K.

LONDON, Tuesday (UP). — The U.S. Air Force announced today that it will deactivate its air base at Manston, Southern England. The move will involve about 2,000 personnel and 75 Sabrejet fighters.

An informed military source said the move is part of the plan to switch from defence to offensive power. Only this week a group of B-52 bombers arrived in England to replace the B-45 medium bombers based in this country.

The announcement, issued through the British Air Ministry, said the base would be deactivated soon, and that the Ministry is considering using it for the British forces.

A USAF spokesman said that a "general realignment" of the U.S. Air Force structure in Britain has been in progress for a long time, and it simply involved "getting the most for our money."

## U.S. Plane Forced Down Near S. Pole

CHRISTCHURCH, New Zealand Tuesday (UP).—A U.S. Navy transport plane flying to the South Pole was forced down in the Antarctic wastes 450 miles from the Pole, when an engine failed. The four crew men were unhurt.

The plane, making the last flight of the season, was en route to the Pole to pick up two British expedition members and 18 dogs of the Fuchs party. Dr. Fuchs is at the Pole after crossing 1,500 miles of the Antarctic, and is due to continue his transantarctic trek on Thursday.

Another Navy plane left McMurdo Sound to land alongside the downed aircraft to help make repairs.

## Commons Calls For East-West Summit Parley

LONDON, Tuesday (Reuter). — Mr. R. Butler, leader of the Commons, today undertook to convey to Prime Minister Harold Macmillan, now in New Zealand, the "undoubted feeling" in the House of the need for "a summit conference and a successful one."

Mr. Butler was answering parliamentary questions in the absence of Mr. Macmillan on a Commonwealth tour.

Several Labour members, including Mr. Hugh Gaitskell, leader of the Opposition, had urged the need for talks between the heads of Government. Mr. Gaitskell suggested the preparations need not necessarily take place through a Foreign Ministers conference to which the Russians had objected. Diplomatic channels could be used.

There was a great deal to be said for a summit conference as a means of breaking the ice between East and West, not necessarily of finishing and completing every possible settlement.

Mr. Butler said he agreed that one need not stick to an exact medium for preparations so long as they were properly made.

## Bonn Urges Soviets To Open Talks

BONN, Tuesday (UP). — Chancellor Konrad Adenauer called on Russia today to open diplomatic talks with the West, but side-stepped Soviet proposals for an early summit conference.

In a letter to Premier Bulganin delivered in Moscow today, Dr. Adenauer said that it seemed to him of decisive significance not to deal with the question of where atomic weapons would be stored, but with the fundamental question of renouncing the production of these weapons.

The Chancellor said that the West German Government fully adopted the proposals made by President Eisenhower in his reply to Premier Bulganin. He proposed that more use should be made of the proved methods of diplomatic conversations in order to put an end to existing difficulties.

# Paris Sees Friendly Solution Of Arms Ship Rift with Belgrade

PARIS, Tuesday (Reuter).—A Foreign Ministry spokesman told a press conference today that "both in Paris and Belgrade we hope to find a friendly solution" of the problem raised by the French seizure of 150 tons of arms from the Yugoslav freighter, Slovenija, last Saturday.

The spokesman said the French Government knew that the arms deal was made in Prague on November 15 last year, and that the French had detected the route of the arms shipment "in Czechoslovakia and then in Switzerland."

The incident was "on a political plane." He said the French Government could not allow a cargo of arms to go to the Algerian insurgents and commented that the route to the Yemen was not via Casablanca.

The French Government might possibly indemnify the Yugoslav Government for the diversion of the Slovenija, but only on this point, he stated.

He said he did not know whether the French Government was making a protest to Yugoslavia over the arms incident.

In Rabat, Morocco, the Algerian National Liberation Front (FLN) denied here today that it had any connection with the arms seized by the French.

The semi-official Yugoslav news agency, Yugopress, today denounced the French action as an "act of piracy" which could have "incalculable consequences." The agency did not confirm that the Slovenija was carrying Czechoslovak arms, but said the case involved a "normal commercial transportation" in which the "service of transportation" was being carried out by a Yugoslav shipping enterprise.

Leader — Page 4

# Russia Offers to Keep Mid-East Free of Rocket, Atomic Bases

## Israel Replies to Bulganin Note

Jerusalem Post Reporter

The Government's reply to Marshal Bulganin's Note was handed to Ambassador A.N. Abramov by Foreign Minister Meir in Jerusalem yesterday. The lengthy reply was in Hebrew, to which was attached a copy in Russian.

It is expected that the Note will be released for publication before the end of the week.

It is understood that the Note reaffirms Israel's policy of not joining any aggressive bloc, and will point out the similarities in viewpoints of Israel and Russian policy regarding world peace, particularly in the Middle East. These include respect for the territorial integrity of nations, the rejection of force as an instrument of policy, and putting an end to discrimination in trade between nations.

Israel's Note at the same time points out that in actual practice both Russian and Arab policies have not been wholly in conformity with these principles.

### NEW SOVIET ENVOY

The Russian diplomat, Mr. Michael Feodorovitch Bodorov, who conducted the negotiations for the resumption of diplomatic relations with Israel in 1953, is to be the new Soviet Ambassador to Israel. This has been announced by Tass, the official Russian news agency.

Mr. Bodorov will succeed Mr. A. N. Abramov, who is completing his tour of duty after more than four years in Israel. Mr. Abramov will be leaving for home next week. Until Mr. Bodorov arrives the Embassy will be under the charge of Mr. L. Klimov, Chargé d'Affaires.

Mr. Bodorov, who is 53 years old and the father of two children, was Ambassador to Bulgaria from 1948 to 1954. It was in Sofia that negotiations for the resumption of relations between the two countries took place in 1953.

Mr. Bodorov is an economist and before World War II was an official in the Finance Ministry. During the war he served as a Red Army liaison officer at Marshal Tito's headquarters. In 1946 he joined the foreign service and served as Counsellor at the Soviet Embassy in Prague until 1948. Since 1954 he has held responsible positions in the Foreign Ministry.

## U.K. Forces Clash With Turk Cypriots

NICOSIA, Tuesday (Reuter). —British troops clashed today with Turkish demonstrators outside the home of the Turkish leader, Dr. Fazil Kutchuk, in Nicosia's Turkish quarter. Dr. Kutchuk is at present in Turkey.

Turkish women joined in the fray as demonstrators shouted, "We do not want Governor Foot." Hundreds of Turkish students took part in the demonstration in favour of partition of Cyprus between the Turkish and Greek communities.

Two Cypriot Greeks were shot dead and three others wounded in two attacks tonight by masked gunmen in Cyprus villages, it was officially announced.

The Greek Cypriot newspaper, "Phos," today quoted Archbishop Makarios as saying in an interview, "On condition that self-determination is assured within a reasonable period, Cypriot people will accept a transition period pending self-determination."

London diplomatic sources said that the Turkish Ambassador, Mr. Nuri Bergi, will leave for consultations with his Government before Monday's meeting in Ankara of the Baghdad Pact Foreign Ministers. He will also be there before the arrival on Friday of Foreign Secretary Selwyn Lloyd.

## French Parliamentary Delegation Due

PARIS, Tuesday (Reuter). — A French Parliamentary delegation including representatives from the National Assembly and the Upper House, and led by M. Henri Laforest (Radical) who was Secretary of State for Air during the 1956 Suez Canal crisis, is due to leave for Israel on Sunday.

The visit is due to last for about 10 days and will include inspection of military installations.

## Saudi Premier Backs Neutralism

CAIRO, Tuesday (UP). — Crown Prince Faisal of Saudi Arabia said today that his country rejected the Eisenhower Doctrine "because it does not believe in the theory of a Middle East power vacuum on which the Doctrine was based."

Prince Faisal said: "Our attitude toward the Baghdad Pact has not changed." On previous occasions King Saud formally proclaimed his Government's opposition to the alliance. Faisal added that Saud's recent visits to Baghdad, Amman and Beirut were "aimed at clearing the Arab atmosphere and unifying the efforts of the Arab peoples in their continued struggle against aggression and oppression."

He added: "King Saud adheres to the principle of positive neutrality and non-alignment with foreign pacts, and supports national liberation of all occupied lands from the yoke of imperialism."

Faisal also said it would be a mistake to think that Saudi Arabia would "stand idle for long" regarding continued British occupation of the Buraimi Oasis.

The Saudi Crown Prince, who holds the posts of Premier and Foreign Minister, made these statements in an interview in Cairo, where he is spending a few days as guest of the Government. He arrived here on his way home from the U.S., where he had undergone two medical operations, and has conferred with Abdul Nasser in what he described as efforts to unify Arab ranks.

**Referring to Israel, Faisal said that the Israelis were "under obligation to withdraw to the borders set by the U.N. partition scheme of 1947." Saudia, he said, will not accept anything regarding the Arab refugees, "other than their repatriation and compensation in accordance with United Nations resolutions."**

**"Israel shipping in the Gulf of Akaba," he charged, "is a continuation of the aggression which the U.N. has condemned."**

## Warns Against U.S. Plans

**MOSCOW, Tuesday (Reuter).—The U.S.S.R. tonight proposed that the Middle East, including the Baghdad Pact countries, should become free of launching sites for rockets and nuclear weapons—"a zone of good-neibourliness."**

## U.S. Terms Moscow Offer 'Propaganda'

WASHINGTON, Tuesday (Reuter). — U.S. officials tonight described as "propaganda" the new Russian proposal for a "denuclearized" zone in the Middle East.

They noted that the Russian proposal had been made on the eve of the departure of Secretary of State Dulles for the Baghdad Pact meeting in Ankara.

They said that presumably Moscow intended the proposal to have the same effect as the Bulganin letters with their proposal for an atom-free zone in Europe just before the NATO meeting in Paris last month.

A State Department official, asked for formal comment on the Moscow statement, said, "We don't want to dignify it with a reply."

Mr. Dulles is to leave by air tomorrow for Marrakesh and Teheran for talks there with government leaders before going to Ankara.

Observers in London said any plans which may exist to establish rocket bases in Turkey, result from the latter's membership of NATO and the decisions taken in Paris last month, and not from plans of the Baghdad Pact.

To be comparable to the Polish plan for an atom-free European zone, the Soviet proposal for the Middle East would have to include some of the southern Soviet territories bordering on the Baghdad Pact states of Pakistan, Persia, Iraq, and Turkey it was pointed out.

## Soviet Rocket Bases In Bulgaria, Albania

LONDON, Tuesday (UP). — Diplomatic sources reported today that the Soviet Union is building seven missile bases in Bulgaria and Albania to "cover" NATO's sensitive southeastern flank and the Mediterranean. They said five bases were being constructed in Bulgaria and another two in Albania.

Experts said missiles from these bases not only could cover the Mediterranean, but could strike into part of North Africa, where the U.S. has a number of important air bases.

The reports on Russian missile activities came from Greece.

## IMG Scheme to Continue On Reduced Scale

Jerusalem Post Reporter

The Informational Media Guarantee programme will be continued in Israel, but at a reduced scale, according to word received by book wholesalers in Israel from the I.M.G. Director, Mr. Robert Beers. A representative of the wholesalers phone to Washington as a result of a cabled wire service message from the U.S. that the I.M.G. programme would be discontinued to Israel.

The Foreign Ministry has asked the Embassy in Washington to clarify the matter.

### Charge U.S. Leadership

The statement said no attempt had been made in Washington to hide the fact that attendance of Mr. Dulles, U.S. Secretary of State, at the meeting "pursues the aim of reviving the activity of the Baghdad military bloc, the actual leadership over which is now to be taken by the U.S. Government."

It warned Turkey that missile bases on her territory would be a "great danger to all countries of the Middle East," and said the "inspirers" of the pact, the U.S. and Britain, regarded it as the means for disuniting the states of the Arab East."

The statement said "substantial differences have appeared within the Baghdad Pact" and praised Persia, Pakistan and Iraq for not supporting the "aggressive actions" of some members, as well as the U.S., against Syria (the other two members are Britain and Turkey).

"Everything points to the fact," the statement concluded, that an attempt would be made at the meeting to unite the Baghdad Pact, Nato and Seato "under one roof."

## USSR Hit by Record Drought Last Year

LONDON, Tuesday (UP). — Russia last year suffered the worst drought since 1921, Moscow Radio revealed today.

In a long message to agricultural workers the Central Committee of the Communist Party said 1957 had been a difficult one for Soviet agriculture. In a considerable area, particularly in parts of the Volga region, the south Urals and Kazakhstan, grave conditions arose in connection with prolonged drought. In areas of the lower and middle Volga region the drought was more severe than in 1921.

But the broadcast declared that the country had adequate supplies of grain.




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## Social & Personal

The President yesterday received the Minister of Labour, Mr. Mordechai Namir, for a discussion of problems facing his Ministry. The President also received Mr. Amos Dagani, M.K., and Rabbis Yitzhak Dayan and David Laniado, formerly of Aleppo.

The President and Mrs. Ben-Zvi yesterday entertained to tea the outgoing Soviet Ambassador and Mrs. A. Abramov, and their family.

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The Danish Minister and Mrs. Hugo Hergel are moving to the Dan Hotel, Tel Aviv for some weeks. They have not left the country, as was reported yesterday. Mr. Hergel is Ambassador to Greece and Turkey as well as Minister to Israel.

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Mr. Israel Melamede, Honorary Norwegian Consul, has been appointed by the Norwegian Government Knight 1st Class of the Royal Order of St. Olav.

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Mr. Joseph Serlin, M.K., is to address the Z.O.A. House dinner club in Tel Aviv on Sunday on "Israel Among the Nations."

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Justice Joseph Herbstein, Judge of the Cape Provincial Division of the Supreme Court of South Africa, will lecture on "South African Law" under the auspices of the Hebrew University tonight, at 8.30, in the Faculty of Law, Ratisbonne Building.

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Prof. E.R.H. Jones, Waynflete Professor of Chemistry at Oxford, will today deliver a second lecture on "Recent work on steroids at Oxford," at the Wix Auditorium, Rehovot, at 11 a.m.

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Mr. Shlomo Arazi will address the Annual General Meeting of Hovevei Yerushalayim on "Jerusalem, the Centre of Activities of Tenth Year Anniversary Preparations," at the Touring Club, Talbieh, tonight, at 8.30.

The motion picture "Technique for Tomorrow" will be presented at the Jerusalem Rotary Club at 1.15 today at the Y.M.C.A. by Rotarian A. Singer, who will speak on "Automation."

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*BIRTH*

LEVITE — To Alexandra (Shura), wife of Theodore Levite, on January 20, 1958, at the Assuta Hospital, Tel Aviv — a daughter, sister to Ariel (Eli).

## Congress Resolution On 'Tenth' Greetings

WASHINGTON, Tuesday (UP). — Republican Senator Jacob Javits and Democratic Representative Emanuel Celler introduced jointly in House and Senate on Thursday a resolution to commemorate Israel's Tenth Independence Day on April 24.

The co-sponsors said the anniversary marks an "historic point in Israel's development as a free, democratic nation ... from infancy and danger, it has grown to a strong, stalwart independence — the showcase of the free world in the vital Near East area."

## JULIUS BERGER— IN MEMORIAM

Memories from almost another era will be quickened when friends of Julius Berger meet in Jerusalem this evening to observe the tenth anniversary of his death. His activities belonged to the period before and after World War I. He was then spurred already by the concept of a Jewish State in the making, and to it he devoted all his outstanding ability and force of character.

Of the vivid chapters of his career in Europe, his role in the complex, formative days of the Zionist Organization in Germany, his efforts to build up a Zionist civil service on the model of a governmental ministry, and to stimulate broad currents in Zionist thinking—of these things I could know only by repute. From the records of those days I learnt, too, of his fierce—and successful—struggle to secure from the German military machine humane conditions for Jewish forced labour in the occupied territories of Eastern Europe.

The man himself I got to know in much later years, as the tireless and devoted director of the organizational and propaganda activities of the Jewish National Fund in Jerusalem, under Ussishkin, in the late 1920's. He had embarked on transforming the Fund from a fragile instrument to a powerful machine for ransoming a nation's land. He brought to the task new dimensions and new techniques, and his driving impulse and efficiency carried staff and workers all over the world with him.

Julius Berger combined in himself, and reflected in his appearance, the solid with the sinuous. I recall him sitting ponderously in his chair, his intent eyes fixed in a face of heavy combativeness. Yet at other times he would suddenly become nimble; his eyes would dance with intelligence and affability, his large mouth broaden into an enormous smile. He would walk restlessly about the room, his big, expressive hands gesturing, his rapid, terse, pungent speech pouring out some bold new plan or idea. To the young man who watched him he was fascinating and formidable.

He left public life while still with much to offer. But he died knowing that the State in the making to which he had given so much potent energy was on the verge of coming into being. *Y.H.L.*

## U.S.A. Let Vital V-2 Plant Go

NEW YORK, Tuesday (Reuter). — A former Soviet Army officer has said that vital German rocket machinery and plans fell into Russian hands at the end of World War II when the V-2 rocket arsenal at Nordhausen was abandoned to the Soviet Army by American troops who captured it.

Writing in "Look" magazine, the officer, Vladimir Shabinsky, former Lieutenant-Colonel in the Soviet Army who fled to the West in 1947, said he was in charge of an Army salvage group in the Nordhausen area, occupied for ten weeks previously by American troops. Suddenly they stumbled upon the V-2 rocket factory "in complete order, as if the plant had been shut down for the night."

"I counted more than a thousand machine tools for rocket production," Col. Shabinsky wrote. "Storehouses were filled with German rocket parts, alloy steel, copper sheets and the most intricate radio - directional equipment. Contrary to my fear, nothing had been mined by either the Germans or the Americans."

He added that the entire contents of the plant and some German rocket workers and engineers still living were shipped to Russia. As early as 1946 Russia was firing its own V-2 rockets.

In an accompanying article, Dr. Walter Dornberger, German rocket expert and former chief of the Baltic testing station at Peenemunde, was quoted as saying some of the machine tools the Russians found at Nordhausen were "unique in the world."

He added that the plans for the inter-continental rocket, which the Germans were then working on, might have helped Russia to the extent of 15 to 20 per cent in the building of the Sputnik. The article also quoted Major James Hamill, of U.S. Army Intelligence, as having said he received written orders that Nordhausen was to be in the Russian Zone and that all plans and equipment were to be left for the Soviets.

Major Hamill said, "These orders originated at a very high level. Unofficially and off the record, I was told to remove as much material as I could without actually looting the place."

Major Hamill, the article said, managed to ship 300 carloads of material, including many complete V-2's, to the U.S. but much was left behind, including important plans in duplicate copies.

## Nahariya Trains To Be Resumed

An agreement for the running of three trains daily between Haifa and Nahariya, has been reached by the Railways Management and the Nahariya Local Council, it was announced yesterday by the Ministry of Transport spokesman.

The fare will be appreciably lower than by bus.

The trains will be scheduled so as to permit passengers to continue directly to Tel Aviv and conversely for Nahariya-bound travellers from Tel Aviv. The general ratio between train and bus fares will also be in force for the new route.

## Reduced Plane Fares For Groups of 35

A special reduced tariff for group flights of tourists from the U.S. and Canada to Israel during the Tenth Anniversary Year has been agreed upon by the International Air Traffic Association at its recent meeting in Paris. The reductions will apply to groups of 35 or more and will take effect on April 1.

Instead of the usual price of $940 for the round trip, passengers in the scheme will pay only $715 for tourist class.

## 'Israelis Act While Arabs Only Talk'

The "Falastin" editorial writer, Yehia Hawash, yesterday compared Premier Ben-Gurion with Arab leaders—to the disadvantage of the latter.

Commenting on Mr. Ben-Gurion's speech in opening the new highway to Eilat last week, Hawash singled out for attention the Premier's statement that the Israel forces had reinterpreted two Biblical passages; they had changed the borders of Israel from Dan to Eilat, making Beersheba the centre of the country, and had returned the Jews to the Red Sea shore.

He pointed out, "Just look at the achievements of the Jews when they total a mere million and a half, and think of what they are likely to achieve when they total five million."

"They send their best people to the Far East and Africa, they open diplomatic missions everywhere... first they robbed you Arabs of Palestine, now they rob you of your Asian and African friends who only yesterday knew nothing about Jews and Israel," he wrote.

He added: "And all this time you talk, and keep on talking, about positive neutrality and Arab unity while abusing each other over the air and in the press... you speak of your rights in Palestine, yet your talk remains just that and nothing more, while the Jews act... think well before it is too late."

## Arabic Station Asks For Audience Participation

Israel's Arabic language radio station—Dar el Isa'a el Israelia—last night for the first time appealed directly to its listeners in the Arab countries, calling on them to cooperate in its new programmes.

The appeal, which was made during the new weekly feature "Post Box," asked Arab listeners to participate by sending in their political questions for reply over the air.

"We understand your position and promise you complete secrecy if desired. Your letters can be delivered by anyone leaving the Arab countries, who can send them to Israel consulates abroad, or mail them direct to us from a neutral country," the announcer said.

## Ex-Chief of Beirut Vice Squad Seized

BEIRUT, Tuesday (Reuter).—The former Chief of Beirut's Vice Squad, Mohammed Shehab e-Din was arrested yesterday following allegations that he protected a woman accused of organizing clandestine brothels.

A magistrate investigating the case ordered his arrest after the woman involved, Yrusa el Dhouk, alias Miss Afaf (Purity), was said to have admitted under questioning that she had been protected from police action. Officials said Shehab e-Din had been accused of destroying reports on the activities of Afaf.

## Egyptian Christians Converted to Islam

About 2,000 Christians, mainly of the Coptic Orthodox faith, have been pressured into converting to Islam in Egypt, according to recent reports brought to Israel by Christian clergy.

These reports say that conditions for Christians generally are critical in the Arab states, and that economic and other pressures are being put on them. Some have lost their jobs because they are Christian, it is said. The pressures are greatest in Egypt, according to these sources.

MILLIONS — Britain's Inland Revenue Commission reported yesterday there were 45 persons last year with an annual income of £100,000—the accepted standard for British millionaires—compared with only 40 the previous year. The individuals were not named.



*The four Israel observers at the Consultative Assembly of the Council of Europe in Strasbourg are shown here with M. Fernand Dehousse (centre), President of the Assembly, who received them upon their arrival in Strasbourg last week. Left to right are Messrs. David Livshitz and Perets Bernstein, MK's, Mr. Maurice Fischer of the Foreign Ministry and Mr. Moshe Bartur, Director of the Ministry's Economic Division.*

## Technion Engineer Wins World Contest

HAIFA, Tuesday. — The first prize in an international competition for ingenious mechanisms, sponsored by the American journal "Machinery," has been won by a young Israel engineer on the staff of the Technion.

Mr. Boas Popper, 31, lecturer in the Mechanics Division, was awarded the $300 prize for an article describing his invention, a variable gear-transmission which will increase the efficiency of various types of industrial machinery and scientific instruments.

A similar competition run three years ago by the same journal earned Mr. Popper the second prize, the first having then been won by a German competitor. The young Technion lecturer is the first Israeli to have won top prize in this world competition.

Mr. Popper was graduated from the Technion in 1951, and in addition to his lectureship at the Institute, holds the position of Senior Design Engineer with the Ministry of Defence.

## Weiler Prizes At Hebrew U.

The South African Union of Temple Sisterhoods has established a £200 per annum scholarship in perpetuity at the Hebrew University, for the furtherance of the study of Judaism. The scholarship is to be named after Rabbi Moses Cyrus Weiler, who recently retired from his post as Chief Minister of the Progressive Jewish Movement of South Africa after twenty-four years of service, and who has now come with his family to Israel, where he is doing postgraduate studies at the Hebrew University.

The South African Friends of the Hebrew University, with which Rabbi Weiler was closely associated for many years and of which he was Hon. Vice-President at the time of his departure for Israel, has established a "Moses Cyrus Weiler Prize" at the University, to the value of £80.

## Hebrew U. Friends Organize in Madrid

An organisation of Friends of the Hebrew University has been set up on the initiative of several University professors and Jewish community leaders in Madrid. Interest in the University was aroused last autumn in connection with his scientific work in Spain by Professor B. Mazar, President of the Hebrew University.

The members of the committee are:

Hon. President, D. Ramón Menéndez Pidal, Director of the Real Academia Espanola and Professor at the University of Madrid; President, D. Gregorio Maranon Posadillo, Member of the Real Academia Espanola and Professor at the University of Madrid; Vice-President in Madrid, D. Francisco Cantera Burgos, Member of the Real Academia de la Historia and Professor at the University of Madrid; Vice-President in Barcelona, D. José Maria Millás Vallicrosa, Member of the Real Academia de la Historia and Professor at the University of Barcelona; Secretary-General, D. Federico Pérez Castro, Professor at the University of Madrid; Deputy Secretary-General D. Antonio Peral Torres, Associate Professor at the University of Madrid; Treasurer, D. Jacob Hassan, student of Semitic Philology at the University of Madrid; Members: D. José Maria Alberola Herrera, Academician and Professor at the University of Madrid; Dr. Martinez Dias; D. Antonio Garcia Bellido, Academician and Professor at the University of Madrid.

## Pope Thanks Mazar For Scroll Books

Professor B. Mazar, President of the Hebrew University, has received a letter from the Secretariat of the State of the Vatican, thanking him for the gift of the two books on the Dead Sea Scrolls which he presented to the Pope towards the end of last year.

FOR USING the side of a building near the Eden cinema as a public convenience, a man of the Zichron Yosef quarter of Jerusalem is to face trial in the Jerusalem Municipal Court.

## FILM MADE BY NAZI BANNED

Jerusalem Post Reporter

The Film Censorship Board has banned a picture on the grounds that its director was a Nazi and is still an active anti-Semite, Mr. Ze'ev Meljon, Chairman of the Board, said yesterday in Jerusalem.

The film, "The Congress Dances," was produced in Austria by American and Austrian interests.

The director of the German-language production was Franz Antel, an Austrian.

The Board took steps to investigate the veracity of the charges against Antel before reaching a unanimous decision to ban the picture.

This is the first time that the Board has banned a film on such grounds. However, Mr. Meljon announced that it was establishing a precedent and would ban any picture produced or directed by any person who was a Nazi.

The Board has also banned the American film, "Short-cut to Hell," because its hero, a criminal, is shown in a sympathetic light.

This is the first picture banned under the Board's new policy of tightening up censorship restrictions on crime films.

A Ministry of Interior spokesman, commenting on the Jerusalem Municipality's decision to withdraw its financial support from "popular-priced tickets," said that this move was justified.

It added that these low-priced tickets increased the profits of the cinemas, while depriving the Municipality of much-needed revenue.

## Israel Documentary For German Showing

LYDDA AIRPORT, Tuesday. — A 90-minute colour documentary film on Israel, to be made by a West German film unit already here, will be shown at the Berlin and Cannes film festivals.

Mr. Rudolf Grussbach, of Frankfurt, who arrived last week by TWA to edit the film, declared that it would be produced in six languages for screening in Europe and the U.S. It will take three months to shoot at a cost of 250,000 D.M. and will be ready for distribution in June. *(Itim)*

## ON THE AIR

**FIRST PROGRAMME**
**322, 349, 33.3 & 41.7 M.**

News: Hebrew: 6.35, 7.00 & 7.58 a.m. 1.30, 5.00, 7.00, 9.00, 11.00 p.m.

English: 1.45 p.m. French: 2.00 p.m.

6.30 Religious Service (R). 6.37 Callisthenics. 6.47 Musical Clock (R). 8.00 Close Down.

12.00 Lunchtime Music — Soloist: Line Renaud (Vocalist). 12.30 "Housewife's Corner"—Requests. 2.15 Close Down.

4.30 News in English, Swedish and Spanish. 5.05 Oriental Tunes. 5.30 "Youth Corner." 6.00 "We Present Tonight." 6.05 Popular Songs & Tunes. 6.30 Hebrew Language Corner. 6.45 Tunes of the Nations. 7.15 Light Music. 7.30 Programme on the Histadrut Activities. 7.50 Cantoral Requests. 8.15 "Daily Hebrew." 8.20 "The Great Temptation of St. Anthony." 8.55 Bible Reading: Psalms, Chaps. 36 & 37. 9.15 "Newsreel." 9.30 Herminia Raccagni (Piano). 10.10 Readings by Y. Bertonov. 10.30 "Hit Parade." 11.10 Close Down.

**SECOND PROGRAMME**
**422, 460, 292.7, 41.7 & 33.3 M.**

IMMIGRANTS' HOUR: 6.00 "We Present Tonight." 6.05 Mishna Lesson. 6.35 Works by Prokofiev, Stutchevsky and H. Alexander.

7.00 French. 7.30 Yiddish. 8.00 Rumanian. 8.15 Hungarian. 8.30 Ladino. 9.00 Interval. 9.15 Mograbit. 9.30 News in Easy Hebrew. 9.45 Polish. 10.00 News in English. 11.10 Close Down.

**ARABIC PROGRAMME**
**407 & 41.07 M.**

Arabic Programme (including News): 7.00—7.45 a.m. 2.15—3.15 and 5.30—9.45 p.m.

KOL ZION LAGOLA (32.3 M.): Programme to South Africa: 6.30 News and Topical Talk by M. Pearlman. 6.50 "Editorial Opinion." 7.00 "Kol Yerushalayim"—Hebrew Lesson by Judah Shuval. 7.15 Yiddish.

Programme to U.K.: 11.30 News and Topical Talk by M. Pearlman. 11.50 "Editorial Opinion." Midnight: Easy Hebrew Conversation.

ARMY PROGRAMME: (48.4, 215, 225 & 235 M.): 6.30 Opening. 6.35 Request Favourites. 7.00 News. 7.10 Battle Story. 7.30 I.A.F. Band. 8.00 "Among the Flags." 8.30 "Limelight." 9.00 News. 9.15 "Stage for Soldier." 9.45 Dance Music. 10.30 Close Down.

B.B.C. HEBREW BROADCASTS (13.90, 16.84 & 24.80 M.): 7.15-7.45 p.m. News. News Talk. "Matters of Jewish Interest."

## Where to go

• Meet the Israeli:— Tourists invited to meet Israelis at home. Information at Government Tourist Office, Jerusalem, Tel Aviv, Haifa.

**JERUSALEM**

• Zoo:— Jerusalem Biblical Zoo, 8.30-5.

• Exhibitions:— 1) Permanent Exhibition of Jewish Ceremonial Art. 2) Ancient Pottery from various civilizations from the museum's collections 3) A preview of Primitive Sculpture. 4) Graphic Exhibition: Artists' portraits and self-portraits. 5) Old Master Drawings. 6) Paintings by Emma Reyes. Bezalel, 9-1, 3.30-5.

Permanent Exhibition of Antiquities. Recent finds: marble Statue of Nemesis. Department of Antiquities 26 Rehov Shlomo Hamelech. 9-1, 3-5.

Exhibition of recent paintings by Galya Pillin-Tarmu. Artists' House, 10-1; 4-6.

Oil paintings, gouaches by Efraim Modzelevich. Also sculptures, mosaics, Nora Art Gallery, 9 Maimon Ave., 10-1, 3-6.

• Lectures:— Dr. Carl Binger, Boston Psychiatrist, on "Some Principles of Mental Health and their Social Implications." Israel Medical Association Building, Rehov Straus, 8.

Dr. W. Nissel, "Artificial Respiration"; Magen David Adom Lecture Hall, 7.30 p.m.

• Theatre:— Ohel, "Eldorado," Edison, 9.

• Film Shows:— Israel films daily 11.30. Keren Hayesod Hall.

• Tours:— Hebrew University Conducted Tour (in English), daily 10 a.m. Administration Bldg., New University Campus. Every Tuesday leaving Administration Bldg. 11 a.m. a visit to Hebrew University Hadassah Medical School in New Medical Centre, Ein Karem. Phone (until Monday) 6960 for bookings.

Spend a morning with Hadassah on a conducted tour starting at 9 a.m. Book for this free tour by phoning 4061, Hadassah Club Straus Health Centre.

• Libraries:— Bezalel Museum, Sunday and Monday, 9-1; Tuesday and Thursday, 3-5.

**TEL AVIV**

Italian specialities. Lunch, Dinner. Luky's Bar-Restaurant, 2 Allenby Rd. First class Italian menu at IL5.

• Tourist Services:— Visit Hadassah Club, 80 Rehov Hayarkon, Tel. 23239. Z.O.A. House, 9-9.

• Exhibitions:— New Immigrant Artists, Art Pavilion, 9 Alharizi, 10-1, 4-7.

Classical paintings from the Sonnenfeld Collection, Z.O.A. 10-1, 4-9

Paintings by Yehoshua Kovarsky, Rembrandt documentary exhibition, 9 Alharizi, 10-1, 4-7.

• Lecture:— "Israel in the Jewish World," Mr. Shlomo Temkin, Director of the Zionist Fed. of Great Britain, Israel Office, Z.O.A. House, 8.45 p.m.

• Clubs:— Film, Z.O.A. House, two perfs. 7, 10 (Members only).

• Theatre:— Habimah, "Throw Him To The Dogs," 8. Cameri, "The Shoemaker's Wife," 8.

Ohel, "The Adventures of Hirshele from Ostropoli," Bamatenu, 4 p.m.

• Ballet:— Kolo, National Yugoslav Ensemble, Gala Performance, Heichal Haiarbut, 9.

**HAIFA**

Visit Hadassah Club, 17 Jerusalem Street. Tel. 4876.

**PETAH TIKVA**

• Theatre:— Habimah, "The Egg," 8.

**REHOVOT**

• Theatre:— Cameri, "Romeo and Juliet," 8.

## Briton Wanted By Interpol Deported

Jerusalem Post Reporter

The holder of a British passport, Herbert Lawrence, was deported from Israel several days ago, according to the Ministry of Interior. The man was being sought by the Interpol (International Police) and is alleged to have a criminal record in England.

He was expelled on the grounds that he made a false declaration on his arrival here that he was a Jew.

The authorities have also prevented a Jewish woman holding an American passport from landing at Haifa Port on the grounds that she was mentally unstable.

She was examined aboard the ship by Government doctors. She has neither relatives nor visible means of support here.

Joseph Joanovici, who is being sought by the Interpol at the request of French police, has neither asked to settle here nor to have his tourist's visa extended, the Ministry spokesman said yesterday.

All district offices of the Ministry have been asked to refer any such request directly to the Ministry in Jerusalem.

It was pointed out that the Ministry does not recognize "Joseph Joanovici," only Yosef Levi, since Joanovici arrived on a passport bearing the latter name.

## U.S. Extradition Hearing For Yugoslav Nazi

WASHINGTON, Tuesday (Reuter). — The U.S. Supreme Court yesterday ordered that a former Yugoslav Cabinet Minister wanted by the Tito Government as a war criminal, Andrija Artukovic, be placed in custody pending an extradition hearing.

The Yugoslav Consul-General wants custody of Artukovic, who is accused of having ordered the deaths of thousands of Jews and other people as Minister of Interior in 1941-42. He lives in California, where a court earlier ruled that the alleged offences were political and not extraditable.

The Consul-General appealed and the Supreme Court reversed that ruling.

## Routed K.K.K. Men Charged for Riot

DUMBARTON, N. Carolina, Tuesday (UP). — A Robeson County Grand Jury yesterday indicted two Ku Klux Klansmen for inciting Saturday night's riot at which Lumbee Indians broke up a rally with gunfire and war whoops.

Sheriff Malcolm McLeod, who asked for the indictments, said he had contacted one of the men, Grand Wizard James W. Cole, and expected him to come here to post bond. The other Klansman, Jabes Martin of Draper, North Carolina, is due to appear in Maxton Recorder's Court tomorrow and is free under $500 bail.

## S. African Election Set for Mid-April

CAPETOWN, Tuesday (Reuter). — South Africa will go to the polls in a General Election on April 16, it was announced today.

A Government spokesman said last night that Prime Minister Johannes Strijdom, who has been ill, had been urged to stay away from the present short session of Parliament, so as to conserve his strength for the election campaign. A medical bulletin yesterday said that Mr. Strijdom was suffering from a minor heart complaint, but would be able to resume his normal activities after a rest.

# AT THE CINEMA

"LUST for Life" (held over at the Esther, Tel Aviv) is the much-heralded film biography of Vincent van Gogh, directed by Vincente Minnelli with Kirk Douglas as the tragic artist and Anthony Quinn as quarrelsome Paul Gauguin.

The film keeps pretty faithfully to the known facts of the case, which are melodramatic enough in themselves, but it never moves the spectator in the way that reading the van Gogh letters or even Irving Stone's book does. In spite of his uncanny likeness to the portraits of Van Gogh, Kirk Douglas is never more than a cardboard figure with an unpleasant voice and accent, but Anthony Quinn is excellent as Gauguin.

The main interest of the film are the paintings themselves, which were photographed against the scenes which they depict. The effect is quite remarkable and revealing of the power of the artist's extraordinarily vigorous brush strokes and startling colour.

**Gay Garment Game**

IT is not surprising that "The Pyjama Game" (Armon David, Tel Aviv) is still playing to full houses in its fourth week, for it is a most enjoyable musical with a more or less reasonable plot — a labour dispute in the New York garment industry. It is full of excellent dance and song numbers, the tempo is rapid and the colour is exciting. Both Doris Day and John Raitt are fine in their roles. *S. W.*

**The Press' Seamy Side**

THE suffering which libel can bring into family life forms the subject of "Scandale à Milan" (Orah, Haifa), a tightly constructed film. Martine Carole plays the wife with a secret to hide — she does not do badly in roles that have a touch of domesticity — and Gabriele Ferzetti, quite competently, the husband. There is a good performance from Vittorio Gassman, the barefaced young journalist with ideas.

The end is disappointing; the Americans, for example, handling the seamy side of the Press, would never have permitted the extraneous solution of the accident to the child. That was also too sentimental a finale. Still, "Scandale à Milan" has the usual advantage of a realistic background and, taken as melodrama, presents a good story.

**Soviet Director's Film**

THE shadow of the classical Russian silent cinema so lies over us that we are still unable to treat a Soviet film normally, when the varied action of "The 41st" (Armon, Haifa) points to a stress on entertainment value. Nevertheless, Eisenstein, who did not like caricaturing the bourgeois, would have envied the director who can depict a White officer objectively.

"The 41st," set in the Civil War of 1920, contains two almost distinct stories. In the first, the survivors of a Red unit batter their way to safety through the sand storms of the Central Asian desert, where the delicacy of Agfacolour comes into full play. Here we have the masochistic pleasure of heroic defeat in which all patriotism delights, the naivete of civilian soldiers conscious of their part in historic events, the commander bullying and coaxing his men on until they arrive at a Kazakh village. In the second plot, the girl soldier is ordered to take the detachment's White prisoner to H.Q. Stranded together in a hut beside a lake, the colour gives the idyllic note on which love will appear and the two will argue over the Revolution. At this point the English dubbing went wrong by conferring on the illiterate girl an accent that equated her with the intellectual prisoner and thereby slurred the contrast between them.

The end is magnificent — the officer's spontaneous joy, forgetting the girl, on seeing his White comrades; the girl shooting him in a mixture of pique and military duty; and the director's skill in fading out immediately, not even hinting at the death that must follow for her too. *H.*

## Cinemas

**JERUSALEM**
**At 3.30, 6.30 & 8.30 p.m.**

ARNON: My Man Godfrey.
EDEN: L'Impero Del Sole.
OR GIL: The Monte Carlo Story.
ORION: The Searchers.
ORNA: Boy On A Dolphin.
RON: 5 Against The House.
SEMADAR: Land of The Pharaohs.
ZION HALL: The Delicate Delinquent.
TEL OR: Tradita.
EDISON: At Gunpoint.
STUDIO: The Seven Year Itch.

**TEL AVIV**

ALLENBY: Esther Costello.
ARMON DAVID: Pyjama Game.
CHEN: Love in the Afternoon.
EDEN: Barsent.
ESTHER: Lust For Life.
MAXIM: Les Sorcieres De Salem.
MIGDALOR: It's Great To Be Young.
MOGRABI: The Deep Blue Sea.
OPHIR: The Last Time I Saw Paris.
ORION: Sissi.
PEER: Wedding Party. Mats.: Anchors Aweigh.
SHDEROTH: Heaven Knows, Mr. Allison.
TAMAR: The Forty-First.
TCHELET: Ihr Leibhusar.
TEL AVIV: Oh For a Man.
YARON: Fedra.
ZAMIR: Paris Canaille.
ZAFON: A King in New York.

**HAIFA**

GAL OR: Bonnes A Tuer. Mats.: Island In The Sun.
ORION: Man of A Thousand Faces Mats.: Secret of the Incas.
ATZMON: No Time For Flowers.
MORIAH: The Opposite Sex.
PEER: Hollywood Or Bust.
ARMON: The Forty-First.
EN DOR: Sabre Jet.
ORLY: Anastasia.
AMPHITHEATRE: A Hatful of Rain.
ORAH: Scandale a Milano.
MAY: The Man Who Knew Too Much.

COEXISTENCE. — Mr. Nikita Khrushchev's speeches last year will be published in book form, Moscow Radio reported yesterday. The broadcast said that the collected works called, "For a Stable Peace and Peaceful Coexistence," will be devoted mainly to his speeches on international affairs and Soviet foreign policy but also will include his interviews with the foreign press and speeches before the Soviet.

## Tel Aviv Stock Market

**JANUARY 21, 1958**

| | |
|---|---|
| Pop. Loan 1949/50 (IL10) | 100[illegible] |
| 6% Comp. Loan 55/57 | [illegible] |
| 3½% Comp. Loan | [illegible] |
| 3½% War Loan 54/59 | [illegible] |
| Pal. Bearer Bds. Ser. 1 | [illegible] |
| 3½% Tavei Dollar a) | [illegible] |
| 6% Reg. Sterling "A" | [illegible] |
| Def. Loan Bonds 6½% f) | [illegible] |
| 6½% Def. Bonds f) | [illegible] |
| 6½% Def. Bonds g) | [illegible] |
| 6½% Loc. C. Debs. f) | [illegible] |
| 6½% Loc. C. Debs. g) | [illegible] |
| Pal. Elec. pref. sh. (Ldn.) | 210 |
| 6½% Bonds 58/65 f) | 103½ |
| ditto g) | 100½ |
| Keren Hayesod | |
| 6½% Deb. 56/65 f) | 97½ |
| ditto g) | 100½ |
| Igroth Ltd. | |
| 6½% Deb. 55/65 f) | 99½ |
| Rassco 6½% Deb. 58/60 | |
| Class "A" f) | 99 |
| Class "B" g) | 100½ |
| Bk. Leumi ord. sh. | 145 |
| Bearer Savings Cert. '60 | 91½ |
| A.P.B. Investments | |
| 6½-8% Con. Deb. | 78 |
| Ord. sh. "B" reg. | 100½ |
| Gazit ord. sh. "B" reg. | — |
| Ellern's Inv. ord. | 183 |
| 6-8% con. debs. | — |
| Ata ord. "B" sh. | 73½ |
| "Kardan" ord. "B" | 79 |
| 7% con. debs. 58/60 | 74½ |
| "Tova" ord. sh. | 82 |
| Pal. Cold St. ord. sh. reg. | 123 |
| Paz 6% debs. 60/64 reg. | 88 |
| Bitzur 6% debs. 58/60 | 85 |
| Ntr 5% pref. sh. | 89 |
| "Isva" 5% debs. | 76 |
| Gen. Mortg. Bk. ord. sh. | 70½ |
| Rassco 6% pref. ord. sh. | 84½ |
| I.L.D.C. ord. sh. reg. | 73½ |
| 5% debs. | 78½ |
| Afr. Pal. Inv. ord. sh. | 67½ |
| Meller ord. sh. reg. | 1130 |
| Pal. Brewery 6% con. debs. | 92½ |
| Assis Bajarane "B" sh. | 75 |
| Nesher 6% debs. "A" 55/62 | 112 |
| Pal. Potash "A" ord. sh. | 88 |
| Delek ord. sh. "C" | 88½ |
| Pal. Centr. 5% reg. | 100 |
| Meherot pref. sh. | 70½ |
| Jordan Exploration Co. | |
| Ord. sh. reg. | 74½ |

Notes: a) purchasing price; a) selling price; c) ex. coupon; d) ex-dividend; e) ex-right; f) linked with $; g) linked with C.o.L.; x) in % of IL1.000.

## EMERGENCY PHARMACIES

JERUSALEM: Amudim, Jaffa Rd., 3381. Valero, German Colony, 4740.

TEL AVIV: Merape, 77 Allenby, 3497. Ben-Yehuda, 142 Ben-Yehuda, 23535. Kitajevitz, 22 Hayarkon, 3566. Moscowitz, 25 King George, 63650. JAFFA: Glinka, 19 Rehov 4, 83429. RAMAT GAN: Ramat Gan, 51 Bialik, 71514. PETAH TIKVA: Fishbein, 6 Hafetz Haim, REHOVOT: Kliviner, Teller, 95-1341. HOLON: Briut, Sokolow. NATANYA: Hamagen.

HAIFA: Hagiborim, 28 Hagiborim, Mercaz, 129 Hanassi, 81979.

## EMERGENCY PHYSICIANS

JERUSALEM: Dr. Steinitz, Shimon Ben-Shatah, 5766. Dr. Shore, 45 Rashi.

TEL AVIV: Dr. Shaham, 1 Syrkin, 25842. JAFFA: Dr. Weinberg 4 Rehov 65.

HAIFA: Dr. Sherman, 2 Hanevi'im, 2434.


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NATANYA: A. Pompan 9 Rehov Herzl
HAIFA: 1 Khayat Street; Sifri's Bookshop, Central Carmel; Hadar Bookshop, 15 Rehov Herzl, Dr. Flegel's Bookshop, 26 Rehov Keren Kayemet, Kiryat Bialik
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### Lessons

ENGLISH for Matriculation beginners, advanced pupils, by experienced teacher. Apply to: No. 1873, P.O.B. 1125, Tel Aviv.

### Lost – Found

PLATINUM ring with diamond — lost between December 28, 1957 and January 2, 1958, Rehov Salame, corner of Rehov Ha'aliya. Please phone 22748, Tel Aviv. Reward!

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VIOLIN for sale. Phone: 2422, Jerusalem.

### Situations Vacant

WANTED Subscription Salesmen for Trade Publication. Permanent jobs, one in each town. Apply in handwriting to: Business Diary Tariffs and Fees, P.O.B. 1313, Haifa.

WANTED girl for office work, typing in Hebrew essential; English desirable. Apply to: M. Bassin, Electronic Engineering, 6 Rehov Feirberg, Tel Aviv (9-1, 2-4).

WANTED in Herzliya Pituah young and responsible nanny from good family with good references, to look after 3 children. Sleeping-in necessary. Hebrew required. Please apply to: No. 313, P.O.B. 1469, Tel Aviv.

### Situations Wanted

YOUNG California University graduate, Business administration degree, with banking experience and references, fluent English, French, Spanish, Italian and Arabic, with knowledge of Hebrew, seeks suitable position. Write to: No. 1874, P.O.B. 1125, Tel Aviv.

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Haifa: Hama'aleh School, 13 Rehov Hehalutz

**BEERSHEBA MUNICIPALITY**
**TENDER No. 1/58**
The Municipality hereby offers the lease of the following concessions in the Beit Ha'am, Beersheba.
1) K[illegible]hen
2) Dining Hall
3) Use of Paved Inner Yard (Patio)
For further details and/or visit to the places concerned apply to the Engineering Department of the Municipality, during work hours.
Bids should be submitted in sealed envelopes marked "Tender No. 1/58" and should be placed in the Tender Box of the Municipality Secretariat not later than 11 a.m., January 31, 1958.
D. TOUVIAHU
Mayor of Beersheba

**NOTICE**
You are cordially invited to attend a showing of the film on the life of MARTIN LUTHER, in English, tonight, January 22, 1958 at 8 p.m., at the Assemblies of God Church, located at the corner of King George Avenue and Rehov Mamilla, Jerusalem.
*Admission Free.*




## Today's Postbag

### The Weather

FORECAST: Partly cloudy.

| | *A | B | C | D |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Mt. Cana'an | 92 | 4 | 9 | 11 |
| Tiberias | 69 | 12 | 18 | 18 |
| Haifa Port | 87 | 11 | 17 | 19 |
| Natanya | 64 | — | 19 | 19 |
| Tel Aviv Kirya | 60 | 12 | 18 | 20 |
| Tel Aviv Port | 77 | 12 | 17 | 19 |
| Lydda Airport | 68 | 9 | 17 | 18 |
| Jerusalem | 87 | 7 | 12 | 14 |
| Beersheba | 78 | 11 | 18 | 19 |
| Sdom | 67 | — | 15 | 18 |
| Eilat | 84 | 12 | 20 | 23 |

*A) Humidity at 8 p.m. B) Minimum temp. C) Maximum yesterday. D) Maximum temp. expected today.

### Rainfall

| | A | B |
|---|---|---|
| Mt. Cana'an | 19.6 | 476.5 |
| Tiberias | 15.1 | 332.5 |
| Haifa Port | 24.9 | 458.9 |
| Tel Aviv Port | 2.8 | 371.7 |
| Lydda Airport | 9.7 | 470.7 |
| Jerusalem | 5.7 | 229.8 |
| Rehovot | 12.7 | 358.6 |
| Beersheba | 6.6 | 74.0 |

A. Rainfall (in mm.) for the 24 hours ending 8 a.m. yesterday. B. Total rainfall since August 1, 1957.

### ARRIVALS

Mr. H. E. Hansen, General Sales Manager of S.A.S., for a short business visit; Mr. Bertil van Rahr, departing S.A.S. District Manager for Israel, and Mr. Yngwe Wessman, the new S.A.S. District Manager.

### DEPARTURES

The Swiss Minister and Mrs. Felix Schnyder, for Geneva, on completion of Mr. Schnyder's tour of duty (by Swissair).

Dr. Joseph Schwartz, Executive Director of the Israel Bonds Organization in the U.S., for the U.S. following a six-day visit for consultations with the Finance Ministry and the Israel Bonds office (by K.L.M.).

**FOR POURING** a pot of boiling water over her husband's head during an argument on Monday night, Shoshana Hadad, 32, of Moshav Yahini, in the Western Negev, has been arrested. Her husband is in hospital with severe burns.

* * *

**THE FIRST** of a monthly series of study-days for some 200 housewives, devoted to home economy, was inaugurated on Monday at the Histadrut Club, Kiryat Shmona, by the Working Mothers Organization and the Ministry of Education.

### TEN YEARS AGO TODAY

*The Struggle for Independence*

January 22, 1948

**Britain intends to maintain the status quo with regard to Jewish immigration until the end of the Mandate, and no port will be handed over to the Jewish authorities as recommended by the U.N., Sir Alexander Cadogan told the Palestine Partition Commission yesterday.**

•

*Following the murder of seven members of a Jewish Settlement Police patrol by Arabs, at Yazur on the Jaffa-Jerusalem road, the Haganah attacked Arab transport, killing and wounding at least three times as many Arabs.*

# Free Market for Provident Funds Urged in Knesset

Jerusalem Post Knesset Reporter

Two speakers in the Knesset yesterday called for a change in the regulation forbidding employees' provident funds from buying securities in the market and allowing them to purchase only new flotations at face value.

Speaking in the debate on the IL60.3m. supplementary development budget for 1957/58, Mr. Hanan Rubin (Mapam) said that this regulation amounted to a tax on provident funds, since it meant they had to pay more than the market price for securities. (The Minister of Finance is scheduled to reply to the debate this morning.)

Mr. Idov Cohen (Progressive) spoke in similar vein. He also called attention to the depressed state of the stock market, and attributed this in part to the fact that recipients of personal restitution from Germany receive their 20 per cent premium in the form of bonds, which many of them immediately sell. He urged that the terms of new bond issues be varied in order to appeal to different types of investors.

**Debating Ritual**

Mr. Rubin charged that budget debates had degenerated into a ritual. There was not too close a connection between the budget as passed by the Knesset and the budget as executed by the Government. A "true budget" is needed, he said.

Mr. Cohen also urged the adoption of a tax policy which would give greater encouragement to the establishment of productive enterprises. Present taxes were prohibitive, he said, and it was more profitable to open an "Espresso" cafe than a productive factory.

Mr. Shlomo Lorincz (Agudat Yisrael) asked why, if there are budget surpluses, they must be expended immediately instead of being held as a reserve. Would it be so terrible if a labourer could buy a pair of shoes without paying purchase tax? he asked.

He also replied to the "insulting remarks" of Finance Minister Levi Eshkol who, in his reply to the debate on the Cartel Bill, called on religious Jews to fight against usury. He said that Mr. Eshkol's argument was the same as that of anti-Semites and urged him to have it expunged from the protocol. There was no reason for singling out religious Jews here, he said.

Mr. Aryeh Bahir (Mapai) proposed that in future the Knesset vote only on the expenditure budget, but not on revenue. Receipts could not be accurately estimated even a year in advance, he said, and in any event were not binding on the Government, unlike the expenditure budget. Nor need the budget necessarily be "balanced," Mr. Bahir said. There was no reason why the proposed amount of expenditure should not be either higher or lower than that of the revenue.

**Settlements Unplanned**

Mr. Mordechai Olmart (Herut) charged that many settlements were set up with insufficient planning, simply so that the Government could point to impressive statistics. He criticized the high production costs of farm products.

Dr. Moshe Sneh (Communist) said that American economic aid to Israel resulted in unequal competition between firms in which American capital was invested and those in which it was not, with local capital suffering as a result.

Mr. Zalman Susayeff (G.Z.): *"Have you heard any complaints about this?"*

Dr. Sneh: *"I haven't heard any complaints because the representatives of the Israel bourgeoisie do not really represent the national interest of the Israel bourgeoisie."*

Mr. Susayeff: *"And you represent them?"*

Dr. Sneh: *"Yes. In the struggle between the national bourgeoisie and foreign capital we defend the national bourgeoisie."*

## Councils Should Not Deduct Party Dues

The Minister of Interior, Mr. Israel Bar-Yehuda, told the Knesset yesterday that he had ordered a circular letter to be sent to the local authorities recommending that they refrain from deducting from employees' paychecks membership dues for political parties.

Mr. Bar-Yehuda was replying to a question by Mr. Joseph Saphir (General Zionist), who referred to the fact that the Beersheba Municipality was making such deductions.

The Minister quoted a report submitted to him on the subject by the Southern District Representative, Mr. J. Vardimon, who said that, although there was nothing improper in such a procedure, he had his serious doubts whether the practice should be permitted.

"In the political climate of our country there is reason to fear that such a practice may serve as a source of suspicion of preference or discrimination on the part of the municipal staff and to cast in doubt its non-partisan approach," Mr. Vardimon said.

Mr. Bar-Yehuda said he agreed with Mr. Vardimon's fears about continuing the practice, which is forbidden in Government offices.

## Bill Proposes Check On Officials' Study Abroad

Mr. Nahum Nir (Ahdut Ha'avoda) yesterday presented to the Knesset for its first reading his private member's bill to regulate civil servants' travel abroad for study purposes.

The bill sets up a committee to consider all requests by civil servants to study abroad; makes such privilege dependent on five years' prior service in the Government (including Army service); and requires that persons selected to study abroad undertake to continue their Government service for at least three years after their return.

Mrs. Esther Raziel-Naor (Herut) opposed the bill, saying that it would not achieve its object. The bill said nothing about proving that the study abroad was necessary or that equivalent facilities were not available here. She noted that teachers sometimes serve for 20 years without being able to take a year off to study within the country.

Mrs. Beba Idelson (Mapai) said she was not convinced of the need for such a law. There was no evidence that the privilege of study abroad was being abused. Any action necessary could be taken informally, she said.

The debate continues.

### KLEBANOFF SUFFERS FROM STROKE

Mr. Ya'akov Klebanoff, M.K., was yesterday taken to the Hadassah Hospital in Jerusalem in a serious condition suffering from a stroke. It was reported from the hospital later that his condition had improved somewhat and that he was resting.

## Meir Discusses Cuban Relations

The Cuban Minister, Mr. Raphael Ariceno Olmo, was received by Foreign Minister Meir yesterday for a discussion of matters concerning the two countries.

It was the Minister's first official meeting with Mrs. Meir. At the time he presented his letters of credence, several months ago, Mrs. Meir was abroad.

## Ministers Meet On Mooted Budget Cuts

Jerusalem Post Reporter

Proposed cuts in grants for local authorities in the 1958/59 budget were the subject of a meeting on Monday between Mr. Israel Bar-Yehuda, Minister of Interior, and Mr. Levi Eshkol, Minister of Finance.

Mr. Bar-Yehuda, pointing out the severe financial straits of the local authorities, asked that the budget cuts be restored.

No decision was taken and future meetings are to be held.

## Resignations of Sahar, Cohn Officially Denied

The Prime Minister's office last night issued a denial of a report in "Al Hamishmar" yesterday that the Inspector General of Police, Mr. Yehezkel Sahar, and the Attorney General, Mr. Haim Cohn, would shortly be replaced.

The report is "without any foundation whatever," the official statement declared.

## GHANA CHIEFTAIN ENDS TOUR TODAY

Jerusalem Post Reporter

"We shall be very grateful for any help you can give our Government in fulfilling its tasks," Nana Taibu Asare X, Paramount Chief of Assin Atandaso State, said yesterday at a farewell reception given him by the Jerusalem Municipality.

The young chieftain will leave for home today with his personal secretary, Mr. A.A. Ocansey, after a three-week tour.

The Chief presented Mayor Gershon Agron, whom Nana called his "beloved friend," with a gaily coloured *kente*, the national dress of Ghana which is worn draped over the shoulder. Mr. Agron put the *kente* over his lounge suit following the formal part of the reception and much to the delight of the honoured guests posed with them for photographers.

Nana Taibu Asare X was the official guest of the Mayor and the Municipality on his tour. In bidding goodbye to the Ghana tribal dignitary, Mr. Agron underlined the "great kinship" felt between Israel and Ghana. The Mayor presented Jerusalem-printed Bibles, an ornamental plate and a cigarette case to the Chief and his Secretary.

Among those present were the Minister of Agriculture, Mr. Kadish Luz; the Council Executive; Police Officers, members of the Consular Corps and Government officials.

## 35 Held in Protest Against J'lem Pool

Jerusalem Post Reporter

More than 35 members of Natorei Karta, an ultra-orthodox group, were detained yesterday in Jerusalem while on their way to demonstrate at a ceremony to mark the corner-stone laying of a swimming pool in the German Colony. Natorei Karta objects to the prospect of mixed bathing at the pool.

Police stopped the demonstrators at the entrance to the quarter, about half a kilometre from the pool, and requested them to return home. Those who refused were detained and escorted to police headquarters. They included Amram Blau, a Natorei Karta leader, and his son, Uri. All were released.

Meanwhile, at the pool itself, the ceremony proceeded according to plan, under heavy police guard.

Mr. David Schiff, one of the managers of the pool, said that "despite all the difficulties and threats," the pool, café, amusement park and cinema would be opened by April.

Mr. Schiff is the brother of Mr. Haim Schiff, Manager of the President Hotel, who, with two foreign investors, is financing the project.

Councillor Avraham Arest, speaking at the ceremony, welcomed the prospect of the pool as a blessing to the city.

Mayor Gershon Agron sent his greetings.

## Gideon Aboulafia Dies, Aged 62

The death occurred yesterday in his home in Jerusalem of Gideon Aboulafia, principal assistant to the Deputy Director-General of the Finance Ministry. He was 62.

Born in Jaffa, Gideon Aboulafia was one of the first employees of the Palestine Committee in Jaffa under the directorship of Dr. Arthur Ruppin, and later served as a Palestine Government official. His parents were among the founders of Tel Aviv, while his grandfather helped found Rishon LeZion.

The funeral cortege will leave the Ziv Hospital today at 11 a.m. for the Har Hamenuhot cemetery.

The Staff of the Government Press Office
express their heartfelt sympathy
to their colleague Misha Louvish
on the death of his father
**Nathan Louvish** ז"ל

## Ancient Ashkelon Had A Jewish Community

ASHKELON, Tuesday. — An archaeological find here, testifying to the existence of an established Jewish community and synagogue in ancient Ashkelon, was accidentally unearthed a few days ago by municipal workmen at the entrance to the Roman baths.

The pedestal of a marble pillar, with various Jewish symbols including a seven branched *menora* with a *shofar* and *ethrog* on its sides, was uncovered.

The discovery is the first in the Ashkelon area indicating the existence of an ancient synagogue. It is believed that other relics were found at the site during excavations by an archaeological team some 35 years ago and were taken to a museum in London.

Officials of the Government Antiquities Department have visited the site and urged that excavations be continued. (Itim)

## IL6.5m. for Ashdod During This Year

Jerusalem Post Reporter

The development of Ashdod is to be speeded up this year, as a result of the decision of the Ashdod Development Corporation to invest IL6.5m. during 1958, it was announced yesterday by the Finance Ministry spokesman.

Mr. O. Ben-Ami, one of the founders of the Corporation, met yesterday with the Minister of Finance, Mr. L. Eshkol, to present the Corporation's plans for the coming year. The Corporation intends to invest IL500,000 in the development of roads and IL 6m. in the construction of 600 housing units.

Mr. Ben-Ami later told reporters that foreign investments were being sought for the construction of the planned deep-sea harbour at Ashdod.

## More Investors Drawn Here

Jerusalem Post Reporter

The Government has discussed the granting of additional concessions to foreign investors in approved projects, in response to the increase in the interest shown by foreign investors, and their demands for such concessions, it was revealed yesterday at a press conference in Jerusalem by the Director of the Investments Centre, Mr. D. Stern.

Among amendments to the Investment Law under consideration, Mr. Stern revealed, was an increase in the percentage of profits that foreign investors will be permitted to receive in foreign currency. The present ceiling is 10 per cent.

Mr. Stern announced that the Investment Centre had during 1957 approved the establishment of 163 enterprises representing an investment of IL47m. and $30m. as compared with 147 enterprises representing an investment of IL66m. and $16m. in 1956. Government participation in the approved investments in 1957 amounted to IL13m.

He added that 78 per cent of the approved plants were established in dense population centres, such as Tel Aviv and Haifa, with only some 22 percent going to development areas in the Negev and Upper Galilee. However, this trend has been changing lately and a larger proportion of the approved investments are now being directed to development areas.

## American Capital For Lubricating Oil Plant

Jerusalem Post Reporter

A lubricating oil plant with an investment of $10m. is to be set up in Israel by a group of local and American investors, it was announced in Jerusalem yesterday. The local participants include Solel Boneh, Hamashbir Hamercazi and Noa, the Histadrut automotive supply company. More than three-quarters of the sum will be invested by the American group.

The Treasury spokesman announced that the plan had been discussed by the Ministers of Finance and of Commerce and Industry, and it had been decided to bring it to the Interministerial Economic Committee for approval. Half the plant's planned production will suffice for local needs, with the rest going for export.

## Oil Workers Ask 5-Day Week

Jerusalem Post Reporter

HAIFA, Tuesday. — A five-day working week will be among the demands of the works committees of oil companies active in Israel, when they meet managements to sign new labour contracts for 1958, it was learned today.

The committees claim that the proposed five-day week would retain the present 43 to 45 hours a week and therefore would not affect efficiency.

## Histadrut to Study Bus Drivers' Pay

Jerusalem Post Reporter

RAMAT GAN, Tuesday. — The Histadrut Central Committee is to appoint a special committee to investigate wage-scales for bus cooperative members, Mr. Arye Masor, the Dan spokesman, told the Rotary Club tonight.

Mr. Masor outlined plans for bus service improvements for the Tenth Anniversary Year, which include the erection of new bus-stop shelters with signs in Hebrew and English, courses for conductors to ensure more polite service, and the introduction of new vehicles.

Mr. Ya'acov Groman, President of the Club, took leave of the Italian Ambassador, Benedetto Capomazza, Marquis di Campolattaro (whose residence is in Ramat Gan) on the completion of his tour of duty.

## Night School Goes To Haifa Suburbs

Jerusalem Post Reporter

HAIFA, Tuesday. — Workers living too far from the city centre to attend night school will have the school come to them.

Beginning this month, the Labour Council's Cultural Department will conduct a variety of courses at 14 study centres in the suburbs for about 800 adult students. They can enroll for Hebrew, Israel geography and history, citizenship courses, economics, Histadrut affairs, or labour productivity and management. Each subject will be taught twice a week for three hours, from 6 to 9 p.m.

Nearly 30 lecturers have been enlisted for the new educational drive, and nearly a thousand applications for admission have been received. The scope of the school is to be extended next term, beginning in the autumn.

## Scheib, Romek Hearing Put Off for April 30

Jerusalem Post Reporter

A request that the preliminary investigation of Dr. Israel Eldad (Scheib) and Mr. Reuven ("Romek") Greenberg be "postponed indefinitely" was refused yesterday by Jerusalem Magistrate Y. Bazak.

Both men are charged with belonging to an underground terrorist organization and publishing seditious matter in "Sulam," a journal edited by Dr. Eldad and published by Mr. Greenberg.

Mr. Shlomo Shoham, Assistant to the Attorney-General, who made the request for an indefinite postponement, then asked that the next hearing be put off until April 30.

He said that the Attorney-General's Office was "very busy at present." The request was granted.

Mr. Arnold Spaer, representing the accused, had agreed, saying he was always willing to let the Attorney-General "weigh the case."

## 11 Airlines Open Herzlia Conference

HERZLIA, Tuesday. — Commercial managers of 11 international air companies this morning opened a two-day conference in the Sharon Hotel.

The Manager of El Al, Aluf Ephraim Ben-Arzi, opened the conference which is sponsored by IATA. Mr. M. Ben-Ari, El Al's commercial manager, was elected chairman.

Aluf and Mrs. Ben-Arzi were hosts to the delegates and local representatives of the airlines at a reception in the afternoon.

Following their deliberations, the delegates go on a three-day tour.

The foreign delegates are: Messrs. M. de Villeneuve and M.G. Delcreux, of Air France; J. Grumbridge and O. Lewis, of B.E.A.; L.W. Rashbrook and D. Nicholls, of B.O.A.C.; V.H.L. Dubourcq and J.W. Meijer, of K.L.M.; V. Pacco, Sabena; H.E. Hansen, SAS; H. Aeppli, Swissair; R.O. Cocke, TWA; and V. Debourac, IATA Secretary for Europe and the Middle East.

## Torah Scroll to Mark Shapiro's Recovery

Jerusalem Post Reporter

Employees of the Ministries for Religious Affairs and Social Welfare are to present the Minister, Mr. Moshe Haim Shapiro, with a Scroll of the Law and an accompanying Ark on the occasion of his recovery from wounds received in the October 29 Knesset bombing outrage.

The employees raised among themselves more than IL1,000 for this purpose.

## '10th' Committee Opens 'Operations Room'

TEL AVIV, Tuesday.—With only 11 weeks left to the opening of the Tenth Anniversary Year, the Committee for Special Events has now turned from the planning to the operational stage, Mr. T. Kollek, Director-General of the Prime Minister's Office, told the press today.

Mr. Kollek was speaking, together with Aluf-Mishne David Niv, manager of the World "Tenth" Committee, at the opening of the "events room" in the "Ma'ariv" building here, a replica of a military H.Q. operations room, displaying maps coloured charts and time-tables. A/M Niv said the Army had agreed in principle to loan several high-ranking officers to the "Tenth" Committee.

The "Tenth" Committee today met Mayor Haim Levanon and discussed coordination of its activities with those of the Tel Aviv Jubilee committees.

(Congress Motion — P. 2, Col. 1)

## IL1m. Wanted To Beautify Capital

Jerusalem Post Reporter

Mayor Gershon Agron has initiated a campaign to raise a IL1m. fund to be used for beautifying the capital on the occasion of the Tenth Anniversary celebrations.

It is learned that about one-third this sum has already been promised by several of the city's leading financial institutions.

The Mayor has been holding a series of conferences with public and private firms in an effort to raise the balance, and several of them have already promised their help.

The money is to be used mainly for improving the approaches to the city, widening Rehov Ruppin, repaving Sderot Herzl, building parking lots and improving the Capital's parks.

## Jordan Sends Back Woman, Keeps Money

Jerusalem Post Reporter

A Jerusalem woman who inadvertently crossed into Jordan a month ago returned home yesterday — IL1,800 poorer.

The woman, Mrs. Esther Hartman, who lives by herself in a room in Rehov Geula, and who for years pretended she was very poor, had the money on her when she crossed the border.

She told Israel police, who received her at Mandelbaum Gate from the Jordanian authorities, that her interrogators had taken the money.

The Jordanian also returned Abdul Fatah, 25, of Ramle, who crossed the lines more than a year ago.

Fatah was sentenced to one year in jail by the Jordanians and was deported to Israel upon his release.

He was brought to Ramle yesterday where police are investigating details of his crossing, arrest and imprisonment.

## Shopkeeper Arrested For Refusing to Open

BEERSHEBA, Tuesday. — A proprietor of a general store was arrested here today for contempt of court after he had ignored a Magistrate's order to re-open the shop which he had closed because of a dispute with his partner. The store was forcibly opened by order of the Magistrate, E. Navi.

The owner, Haim Greenberg, 60, had refused after the court rejected his appeal for a day's grace to enable him to consult a lawyer. Several local shopkeepers gathered near the store while it was being forced open and protested at what they termed a "harsh judgment."

## Dangerous Lunatic Escapes from Home

A dangerous lunatic escaped yesterday afternoon from the Kfar Ganim sanatorium near Petah Tikva. Police are searching the district. The man, Hanania Ben-Yosef Amar, 32, is dark and 1.70 m. tall.

Any person having knowledge of his whereabouts is asked to inform the nearest police station.

### POLICE UNIFORM REPAIRS IN SAFAD

SAFAD, Tuesday. — The police are to open a sewing and shoe repair establishment to maintain the force's uniforms and boots, Mayor A. Hacohen told the press today.

Some 30 workers will be employed in the first stage, and an extra 30 later. The workers were trained for their jobs in courses held by the Labour Council.

## Masonic Temple For Tel Aviv

Jerusalem Post Reporter

TEL AVIV, Tuesday. — The foundation stone of the Israel Grand Lodge's Masonic Temple, to be built near the new Municipal Hospital, was laid today by the Grand Master of the Lodge, Dr. J. Ron.

About 300 freemasons from many parts of the country attended the ceremony held on what is now a heath in one of Tel Aviv's "development areas." Mayor Haim Levanon and Chief Rabbi I.J. Unterman participated.

The three-storey Masonic Temple, designed by Mr. N. Shani, will include meeting halls, offices, a museum and a library.

## IL200,000 FRAUD CHARGE FILED

TEL AVIV, Tuesday. — A charge of defrauding the Treasury of nearly IL200,000 was lodged today against Ya'cov Sacher, former chief accountant in the Foreign Exchange Division of the Finance Ministry.

Sacher is alleged to have conspired to steal State property and keep false accounts. His partners were said to be two other Treasury officials, Y. Singer, and S. Weismann, and M. Dror, and two members of Kibbutz Zikim, A. Rudich, and H. Silberman.

Sacher was also charged with forging a payment order and cheques, with theft, and with purchasing foreign currency from an unauthorized dealer. (Itim)

## Embezzling Sentence Raised to Two Years

A sentence of seven months imprisonment imposed on David Boroshak, a collector for Mivtahim, the Histadrut social insurance fund, for embezzling approximately IL5,000 from the fund, was yesterday increased by the Supreme Court to two years.

The increase was imposed by the Court in allowing the appeal of the Assistant State Attorney, Mr. Y. Harish, against the lightness of the District Court sentence.

The Court was composed of Justices Sussman, Landau and Witkon. (Itim)

## *Amidar Embezzlement Said Exceeding IL10,000*

BEERSHEBA, Tuesday. — Following the recent revelations of the embezzlement of monies intended for down payments for housing, additional complaints against A. Abramowitz, an Amidar employee, have been lodged with Beersheba police. It is now feared that the suspected embezzlement involves more than IL10,000.

## Insurers Win Claim Despite Illegal Act

The Ararat Insurance Company yesterday obtained a ruling from the Supreme Court voiding an insurance policy it had issued for a truck on the basis of a fraudulent application.

Yigal Yosevits and Eliyahu Stikelman, the owners of the truck, which had been involved in an accident on April 28, 1954, appeared in the company's offices immediately following the accident and paid for and received a retroactive insurance policy for the truck, without informing the company of the accident.

The District Court Judge to whom the company had appealed to void the policy refused to comply with their request declaring that the company itself had committed an illegal act by issuing a retroactive policy, in order to help the truck owners in their defence against charges of driving without insurance.

The Supreme Court in reversing this decision, declared that the petitioners were entitled to redress despite the illegality of their act.

## Rain Brings Relief To Negev Crops

BEERSHEBA, Tuesday. — Welcome rain fell in the Negev over the last 24 hours, bringing relief to drought-ridden winter crops. Over 10mm. fell here, while some 20mm. were recorded in the Western Negev. In the Eastern Negev where Beduin are concentrated the shortage of rain is still critical.

**Recipe of the Week**
*French Onion Soup*
*By INGA BEER*

Cut 2 large onions in fine rings and fry them in 2 tbsp. margarine. Add 4 glasses water and the dissolved contents of 1 bag of Vita's Vegetable Soup. Simmer for 25 minutes. Place one slice of toasted white bread on each plate, cover with a generous layer of grated yellow cheese and pour the soup over it, steamingly hot.

VITA
SERVICE FOR HOUSEWIVES

## Eighteen Countries Send Immigrants

Jerusalem Post Reporter

HAIFA, Tuesday. — While the number of immigrants has been shrinking lately, the number of countries from which they are coming is growing. Today's 355 arrivals hail from 18 countries and three continents, with Poland and North Africa supplying the largest contingents.

But there were among them men and women from almost every country of Western Europe, including Britain. South America was represented with 15 boys and girls from Brazil, all determined pioneers.

An unusual feature in today's boatload is that 12 families from Europe have opted for kibbutz life, or at least indicated their willingness to try it. Altogether 60 persons have been marked down for various kibbutzim.

All the immigrants will be taken to their new homes in development areas or established settlements early tomorrow morning.

**Yugoslav Dance Troupe**

Among the passengers were also the Yugoslav dance troupe Kolo, consisting of 42 men and women. They will perform in the three cities during a three-week tour. This is their first visit to the Middle East.

The other 300 passengers were returning residents and tourists. The latter class form a growing proportion of the arrivals and berths on Zim boats for the next few months are already running out.

## Hunger Strike For Return to Poland

Jerusalem Post Reporter

An immigrant family, including the husband, his non-Jewish wife and two children, yesterday began a hunger strike outside the offices of the Ministry of Interior in Jerusalem to press for their return to Poland.

Andrzey Hirsz, who was settled in Caesarea nine months ago, said that five weeks ago he had applied to the Ministry asking that his Israel citizenship be cancelled so that he could go back to Poland. He had not yet received any answer.

He said that he was unemployed, and that his Christian wife, Antonina, as well as their two children, Eyna, 13, and Ze'ev, 11, had been abused by neighbours. Only the children speak Hebrew.

Mrs. Hirsz and the children were not automatically granted Israel citizenship on entering the country, since she is a gentile. Mr. Hirsz claims that he had opted out of Israel citizenship, since he wanted to have the same status as his wife, but the Ministry says it has no record of this.

The Ministry spokesman said that the Ministry was dealing with requests from 500 new immigrant families, mainly from Eastern Europe, who wish to renounce their Israel citizenship and return to their former homes.

The spokesman said that the Ministry was investigating each case individually and that such investigations were drawn-out processes.

**MOVIES.** — Rome's cinemas closed yesterday in protest against "excessive tax burdens."

## Cables in Brief

**DUTCH-ISRAEL.** — The death took place in Amsterdam last Wednesday, of Mr. Charles Nijveen, 74, for many years Chairman of the small Revisionist party in Holland. He was a founder and the first Director of the Netherlands-Israel Chamber of Commerce.

**RAIN.** — A mountain expedition of the Soviet Academy of Sciences is trying out artificial rainmaking in the Caucasus. The expedition leader reported that his team had succeeded in artificially dispersing fog.

**CREDIT.** — The Export-Import Bank has authorized 88 credits in 24 countries for a total of $465.4m. during the first half of fiscal year 1958, the Bank reported yesterday.

**SHIPS.** — Japan boosted her lead last year as the world's premier ship-building nation by launching vessels totalling 2,424,000 tons, Lloyds announced in London yesterday. This figure put Japan more than one million tons ahead of Britain.

**REACTOR.** — Latin America's first reactor was switched on yesterday by President Aramburu in Buenos Aires. It was built by the Argentine Atomic Energy Commission from U.S. blueprints.

## Egypt's Development Projects Reduced

Shortage of foreign currency has compelled Egypt to reduce her development projects by half, the Arab News Agency reported yesterday.

The report said that the original five-year plan envisaged LE150m. for certain vital projects, of which the Soviet Union only granted LE25m. and technical advice.

Egypt is said to be cutting the planned 128 medium-sized projects to 54, which need an investment of LE100m., of which the Government must provide LE58m. Negotiations to obtain the balance of the sum in foreign currency are now being conducted in Moscow.

## Japan Sets Up Israel Friendship Society

The founding meeting of the Society for Japanese-Israel Friendship in Japan was held in Tokyo on Monday, under the patronage of Prince Mikasa, brother of the Emperor. Mr. Hisakira Kano, the head of the Government Housing Corporation, was elected President of the Society, and the Messrs. Shinichi Vamimura, former non-resident Minister of Japan in Israel, and Shaul Eisenberg, a local businessman, Vice-Presidents.

The meeting, which attracted a large audience, was addressed by the President of the "Tokyo Times," Mr. Kurushima, and by the Israel Chargé d'Affaires, Mr. Avigdor Dagan.

## Austria-Israel Social Insurance Protocol

Israel and Austria have concluded in Vienna an agreement preparatory to the formulation of a treaty on social insurance between the two countries.

The proposed treaty will provide for coordination in the benefits and prerequisites of insured persons in both countries, in the fields of old age, survivors, maternity, and work casualty insurance.

HITAHDUT OLEI BRITANNIA
Jerusalem Branch
Tonight, at 8.15 p.m., Dr. YIGAEL YADIN will lecture on "Tales of Genesis — One of the Dead Sea Scrolls" (Illustrated by lantern slides), at the Hebrew University Medical School, Hall A.
All Welcome

SOCIAL and CULTURAL CLUB
Z.O.A. House
Mr. SHLOMO TEMKIN
Chairman, Zionist Federation of Great Britain
will speak on
"ISRAEL IN THE JEWISH WORLD"
Thursday, January 23, at 8.45 p.m., at the Z.O.A. House, Tel Aviv.

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Tomorrow, Jan. 23, 9 p.m.
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Wednesday, January 22, 1958
1 Shvat, 5718. — 3 Rajab, 1377


OFFICIAL French reports state that the arms seized last Saturday from the Yugoslav freighter Slovenija off the Algerian port of Oran had been bought in Prague by an emissary of the Algerian rebels. At least three Governments are implicated in the affair and, in these days of peace campaigns emanating from Eastern Bloc countries, it is going to take a good deal of explaining — and explaining away — why the Czech and Yugoslav Governments should seek to increase trouble in an area which the world community only a few weeks ago declared to be the exclusive concern of a fellow-member of the U.N.

**TROUBLE-MAKING IN ALGERIA**

That the Government of Yugoslavia, which likes to call itself non-committed, has taken the offensive and sent a sharp protest to the Paris authorities demanding the "immediate return" of the 150-ton consignment of arms can only emphasize Belgrade's share of the responsibility.

The Moroccan Foreign Minister's statement yesterday that his government had never been asked to issue either an import or a transit licence for the arms does not make the incident less puzzling for, as the French Foreign Minister, M. Pineau, declared yesterday, it cannot be supposed that the Moroccans were completely unaware of the transaction. But whatever Rabat's official version may be, the behaviour of this government, a friend of the West and a country with a long association with France, is hostile at a time when France is having unceasing trouble with her other neighbours in Algeria and Tunisia.

But there is another consideration which causes concern to the French authorities, as well as to all those who hope for an end to bloodshed in Algeria. The past few months have seen a certain measure of improvement inside Algeria, and reports have indicated that the National Liberation Front's influence is on the wane. Its change of tactics suggests physical exhaustion as well. The outbreaks of violence over the weekend which took a heavy toll of French casualties have themselves furnished proof that the Front must now rely increasingly on individual terrorism, albeit on a large scale, and that it is no longer in possession of a striking force sufficiently large for major operations against French troops.

On the political and moral fronts, the insurgents have suffered no less in power and prestige than on the military front. The Moslem population has been showing increasing impatience with the rebel minority and its unceasing demands; the fact that far more Moslems than Frenchmen have come to a violent end at the hands of the insurgents cannot have been lost on the population. Last year's campaign for the boycott of French schools failed, and, according to official reports, over 3,000 Moslems have accepted provisional posts, pending elections, in the newly organized municipal and departmental authorities.

Nevertheless, the rebels' intransigence as yet shows no sign of abating, and they are rendering a singular disservice to the critics of the Government's Algerian policy in France herself by stubbornly refusing to enter into negotiations with a view to putting an end to the fighting. The Front's claim to the title of Moslem Algeria's sole representatives is belied by facts, and its refusal to recognize any other Moslem organization has little claim to sympathy.

The Slovenija incident and the latest burst of desperate acts of individual violence in Algeria are doubly regrettable on another level: They have come hard on the heels of the French Senate's approval of the proposed laws for constitutional reforms in that terror-ridden land.

*The Middle East Scene*

# Syria-Egypt Union Still Far Away

*By Ammon Barthur*

TALK about a federal union between Egypt and Syria started shortly after the conclusion of military operations in Sinai and Suez — and it emanated mainly from Damascus. The first official Egyptian statement on the subject came exactly six months ago, on July 23, when Abdul Nasser said in his opening speech before the Egyptian National Assembly that his country could not but echo Syria's appeals for such a union.

Although high-sounding declarations of faith in the absolute necessity of the scheme have been flowing in from both sides ever since, climaxed by the dispatch of an Egyptian Army contingent to Syria and the well-staged appearance of a number of Egyptian Deputies in the Syrian Parliament, the precise form of the proposed union has never been clearly stated by either prospective party. There are, indeed, indications that the project's most articulate advocates do not yet know its practical implications themselves. Egyptian press reports yesterday that Syria's President Shukry Kuwatly intends to visit Cairo shortly to proclaim his country's union with Egypt should be taken with more than just a grain of salt.

One of the recommendations tabled by the Arab Affairs Committee of the Egyptian National Assembly last week called on the Government to effect the union with Syria "in 1958"; Egypt's Ambassador in Damascus has assured his hosts that "broad, positive steps" are shortly to be taken towards implementing the union; and Akram Haurani, Speaker of the Syrian Parliament, declared last week that the project was the only way "to preserve the independence of the two countries." But so far the only step to be taken has been the announcement that the present Egyptian Ambassador to Ghana would be appointed as Syria's envoy there as well.

### Syrians More Eager

In all this wordy campaign, the Syrians are definitely the more eager party, and their earnestness has no doubt embarrassed Cairo, where the idea is viewed with marked coolness. Official accounts of the discussions that General Afif el-Bizri, the Syrian Chief of Staff, held in Cairo in the past ten days are singularly vague and unhelpful. The welcome accorded to Salah el-Bitar, Syrian Foreign Minister, on his arrival in the Egyptian capital last Thursday was highly discouraging; indeed, official Egyptian sources were still talking about the need for "a complete alignment of foreign policies" as a preliminary step at a time when the Syrians were clamouring for full union.

True, some Syrian leaders are beginning to realize that there are serious difficulties in the way of union. Ma'arouf el-Dawalibi, Secretary-General of the People's (Sha'b) Party, the largest political party in Syria, has admitted that it would take a long time to implement for one thing, the two countries would have to set up a joint body to promulgate a new constitution. But the pan-Arab Ba'th leaders and the pro-Soviet Deputy Premier, Khaled el-Azm, have been insistent.

Yet the Egyptians are still hedging. An idea of the kind of obstacles they raise can be obtained from a statement made last week by Ihsan el-Jabiri, Chairman of the Foreign Affairs Committee of the Syrian House of Deputies. Jabiri, who has attended the Afro-Asian Solidarity Conference in Cairo last month, revealed (according to the Beirut "El-Hayat" last Wednesday) that in talks with him Egyptian leaders "wanted Syria to solve her domestic problems." Asked whether the Egyptians made this a prerequisite of union, Jabiri replied vaguely that the Egyptian leaders were only giving "fraternal advice." Jabiri did not enlarge on these alleged domestic problems, but Khaled el-Azm had told the Middle East News Agency a few days previously that "the existence of political parties in Syria, and the absence of such parties in Egypt, must be considered a stumbling-block in the way of a union." El-Azm made a distinction between "union" and "unity," emphasizing that Syria sought unity, not partial union with Egypt.



Above: Khaleb El Azm. At left: Ma'aouf el-Dawalibi.

El-Azm was even more revealing when he spoke of the economic aspect of the union. He pointed out that it was not likely that the economic aid agreements signed by both countries with the Soviet Union would affect such a union. "On the contrary," he said, "they would accelerate it; since our aim is to build a progressive Arab state with a world industry." He added that Syria's desire for industrialization "will remain even after the union with Egypt has been achieved — and also following an all-Arab union." El-Azm emphatically refused to consider "a union on an economic basis."

El-Azm's statements seem to corroborate later reports from Cairo that Abdul Nasser was giving the Syrian envoys "the cold shoulder." Nasser is interested in union by stages, preferably starting with an economic federation. This would give him an opportunity to divert considerable numbers of Egyptian agricultural labourers to the wide expanses of cultivable land in underpopulated Syria, not to speak of his dire need for that country's wheat surplus. In Damascus, where hopes are very high for quick and cheap industrialization, this goes against the grain, and the call has therefore been for full political union.

### Many Difficulties

Thus official opinion in Syria — and unofficial opinion in Egypt — seem determined to see the proposed union implemented. Yet no one has so far had the courage to point to the all but insurmountable difficulties standing in the way of the scheme:

- Physically divided by Israel and Jordan, and having no common land frontier, a full union between Syria and Egypt would amount to a geographical absurdity.
- Despite claims of a common past and a common culture, there are great ethnic differences between the two peoples; the present-day Egyptian's opinion of his Syrian opposite number is very poor, and Egyptian publications of all descriptions betray lack of elementary knowledge about Syria.
- The existence of political parties in Syria, especially the Sha'ab Party which is known for its pro-Iraq leanings. Nasser is known to have refused permission to the Pan-Arab Ba'th Party to establish a branch in Egypt.
- The fact that both countries belong to the "have-nots" of the region is liable to cause much wrangling about the economic aspect of their union. El-Azm's pronouncements furnish only one example.

So far, the only man in Syria to come out openly against this kind of empty declaration is Ahmed Kamber, a former Minister of Interior and an outspoken Sha'b Party Deputy, who warned last week against using the proposed union for furthering personal prestige and private political ends. As things stand, such warnings are not likely to be heeded.



*Dulles: Whenever I see this sight I become pessimistic. (Banner reads: Union of Egypt and Syria).*
From the Egyptian Weekly "Rose el-Yusuf"

## Yesterday's Press

### *Reply To Bulganin*

AMONG the papers concerned with what the contents of a suitable reply to Marshal Bulganin's latest note should be, Haboker (General Zionist) suggests that the Marshal's notes would have done much more for peace had he directed them to his own country's press and radio in order to call off the Syrian and Egyptian threats to alter borders by force. Addressed to Israel, such notes are totally superfluous, for it is not our broadcasting service that calls for border alterations or indulges in atrocity propaganda against other U.N. members. Still, a reply is called for, although the contents will certainly not reach the ordinary Soviet citizen or the Arab rulers, except perhaps in distorted form.

Lamerhav (Abdut Ha'avoda) stresses that Soviet intentions will be judged by their influence on present Arab immoderation. There are some prospects of this, for the latest Bulganin note to us is very different in tone from the threats of Sinai days. On this assumption, Israel should pitch in and contribute her share.

Ha'aretz (non-party) writes that if the Big Four decided to ban the use of power in the Middle East at all costs, we should be the first to applaud. It is quite clear that no war can break out here unless the aggressor is sure of outside backing. As for the USSR, which undertook to call others to order, we can only add that the Arabs' hope that "volunteers" will be rushed to their aid if they attack Israel is one of the main factors encouraging their belligerency today.

Hatzofe (World Mizrahi) notes that our agreeing to broaden and strengthen U.N. authority on Mt. Scopus has been a real concession on our part, while the Jordanians have sacrificed nothing. The fact that they have agreed to permit us to take down books and instruments is not really an Arab concession, since they hope that removing our possessions, we shall thereby tacitly agree that we have no ties with the area any longer.

# *Pressure on Eisenhower*

## *Republicans Prepare to Force President's Resignation*

By PHILIP DEANE

WASHINGTON (OFNE).—THE first part of January, containing as it did the President's State of the Union message, his budget and his first Press conference since his stroke, had been anxiously awaited as a test of whether he can rise to the challenge of the times and provide the leadership that the U.S. needs. In a sense the first part of January gave Mr. Eisenhower a second chance.

In the judgment of the influential "modern Republican" big businessmen of the East Coast, who selected Mr. Eisenhower as Presidential candidate in 1952, he failed this test, and they are now saying their party cannot afford to be associated with another major national failure like the depression and go out of power for another 20 years. They want Mr. Eisenhower out of the White House, and the pressures on him and his staff are obviously and inexorably growing.

In the State of the Union message, Mr. Eisenhower spoke forcefully of the damage done to the national effort by Service rivalries and promised strong centralized direction to correct this state of affairs. Yet, when asked at the Press conference what he intended to do about it exactly, he said he would advocate his views but would not impose them on the Services. The U.S. mood demands that the President should do more than be an advocate, say Republican Congressmen. He had, after all, promised to reorganize defence before he was elected, and thus has a clear mandate from the people.

His next biggest sin in the eyes of the modern Republican big businessmen who have controlled every one of their party's conventions since 1940, is Mr. Eisenhower's efforts to economize in a national defence crisis by cutting funds on pensions for the needy and the development of water resources. These economies are trifling compared with what could be saved by reorganizing the defence department and they are politically inept, presenting the Republican Administration as petty and insensitive to welfare in spheres where welfare has been accepted in this country.

Mr. Eisenhower's next biggest failure in the eyes of his former supporters is the handling of the Oppenheimer case. The denial to Dr. Robert Oppenheimer of clearance to handle scientific secrets, became for the scientists of this country a symbol of McCarthyism triumphant. The U.S. now thinks it needs its scientists as never before. The scientists are still disgusted with excessive and silly security regulations. They hesitate to work for the Government and feel that even if they did there is little they could accomplish. The honourable rehabilitation of Dr. Oppenheimer, a statement by the Government that he is invited back, would galvanize America's scientific community. It is known that the President has been asked to take such a step by his science adviser, Dr. James Killian, President of the Massachusetts Institute of Technology. Mr. Eisenhower has not taken it. When asked about it at the Press conference, the President answered that he would not object to having the Oppenheimer case reviewed if new evidence became available, thereby implying that there had been valid evidence for denying clearance to the great physicist — which is exactly what the scientific circles in the U.S. passionately refute.

The politicians now say that he never really had any political ability but that he simply personified a mood in which the U.S. found itself. The mood has changed and he cannot change with it. He can enunciate fine ideas but does not put them into action.

These Eisenhower shortcomings were known, of course, to the "insiders" and to the leaders of his party. They were content with the situation because they were men opposed to "too much Government," who needed a good symbol, a man who would not interfere overmuch with their policies. They now find that in a major crisis they cannot do without Presidential leadership. The President is the only constitutional source of executive action. There was hope he could be induced to take action decisively despite his well-known predilection for delegating his powers to committees. But this hope has proved unfounded, the party thinks.

Consequently, the Republicans now seem to be preparing to force him into resignation. The first step seems to be increased pressure on him. Powerful publications that have always supported him are now attacking him. The leaders of the great aircraft industry who are now testifying on the country's military preparedness are squarely placing the blame for practically everything on Mr. Eisenhower, and they use his name in doing so. The "captive scientists," those who work for the Government and are politically committed, are making it quite clear that Dr. Killian has access to President Eisenhower and is giving good advice. It is up to the President to put the advice into effect, and he is not doing it, say the scientists. They are willing to say publicly that he has cut their research funds — a criminal cut almost, considering the country's mood. His doctors are being quoted as saying he personally asked them to testify he was fit to run for President when they thought he was not.

It is known that criticism always hurts Mr. Eisenhower bitterly — "We should have Nixon in by May," say the Republicans.

## *New Ulpan for English-Speakers*

By Devorah Emmet Wigoder

CONFRONTED by the predicament of two-week tourists knowing more Hebrew than I, the mother of two *sabras*, I decided to tackle the language once more. Guided by Dr. Kamrat, "father" of the *ulpanim*, I joined a small *ulpan* under Dina Abraham.

Dina is a former Canadian who taught remedial reading and tutored backward children. This experience, plus her own struggle with Hebrew, doubly qualifies her for teaching it to English-speaking adults.

Such pupils, for the most part, seem to have little talent for picking up new languages; they need special learning aids to negotiate successfully the hurdle of a new sound sequence. And adults learning Hebrew need not only a good teacher — but one who has had experience in language and reading deviations. For, let's face it, in the framework of learning Hebrew as adults most of us are like backward children. We are asked to do simple things at a time in our lives when we have acquired fixed habits. We become disturbed when during the process of learning, we must upset our comfortable rut, when we must read in the opposite direction, concern ourselves with matching nouns and adjectives in the same gender, and train our thinking apparatus to use the most economical selection of phrasing instead of being able to beat around the bush with unnecessary but nice-sounding additional adjectives.

Dina Abraham's system combines syllable reading and special learning aids with the required shock treatment in this respect. She thinks there is a great need for small, individualized *ulpanim* to be taught by a person whose mother tongue is the same as the students'. This saves time that can be put to better use for deeper penetration into Hebrew. It also allows for the important step of learning the best way to learn.

### Two Courses

Miss Abraham is planning two courses, for beginner and "secondary" students respectively. Each will meet for two hours in the afternoon, five days a week for a period of five months. The monthly fee is IL.20 per student. Miss Abraham feels that these courses will help students who cannot devote four hours in the morning to studying, as required by most regular *ulpanim*. But she is adamant about the necessity for staying the full course; "casuals" who walk in and out of a number of *ulpanim* do themselves and the organizers of the courses an injustice.

## Readers' Letters

### HAIFA MUSEUM

Editor, The Jerusalem Post

Sir, — I remember, as a child, being almost afraid to enter a museum — it was so cold, so silent, so very dead.....

The other day, I stumbled on a new kind of museum, one to which children of all ages come eagerly, clamouring for more lectures, more exhibitions. It is a place where they feel everything arranged is really for them and where they are happy to help — one taking over the explanation of an exhibition which he has already learned so well, another tidying up after a film performance; a place where there are many willing hands to move chairs and benches, to fetch and carry, to keep things orderly and displayed to their best advantage; a place where professors, doctors and lecturers are called affectionately by their first names.

The dictionary says "the science which treats of the varieties of the human race..." — a very fitting description of the studies which these same children, originating from so many different countries, find stimulating in their daily life. The museum? The Haifa Ethnological and Folklore Museum, small, but nevertheless already contributing its important share in the upbringing of Israel's youth.

Yours, etc.
*L.M.*

Haifa, January.

### QUALITY OF PRODUCTS

Editor, The Jerusalem Post

Sir, — Once again one reads about the dollar shortage. I should like to point out that large amounts of our hard-earned foreign currency are being wasted by local manufacturers who turn imported raw materials into finished articles which are fit only for the dust bin.

There are, for instance, rubber boots with an average life of three to six weeks; irrigation sprinklers which sometimes work and more often do not; locally assembled alarm clocks which are just as temperamental.

The list of shoddy products includes much of our industrial output.

I believe it is high time the proper authorities demanded a certain standard of quality from manufacturers and deprived those who fail to reach that standard of imported goods.

Yours, etc.
*EPHRAIM STEINER*

Nir Yisrael, January 3.

### ANTI-PROFITEERING

Editor, The Jerusalem Post

Sir, — With reference to your report about the setting up of a ministerial committee to study means of preventing profiteering during the Tenth Anniversary Year (your issue of today), it is very commendable that action is being taken to safeguard next season's prospective tourists against exploitation. This will pay its dividends in enhancing the name of Israel as a tourist country.

But why the restriction to the Tenth Anniversary Year and why for the benefit of tourists only? Cannot the powers of this committee be extended to curb profiteering at the expense of local customers? This would tend to win the buyers' confidence and help stabilise our economy.

Yours, etc.
*KURT E. THORN*

Haifa, January 11.

### COLOUR FILM

Editor, The Jerusalem Post

Sir, — I have just had to send some undeveloped colour film to the U.S. to be developed. The branch post office informed me that I had to take the package to be censored at the main post office. At the information booth there, they referred me to the censorship office "around the corner."

After going around the corner and passing three unmarked entrances, a fourth unmarked entrance proved to be the censorship office. But instead of being able to complete my business there, I was handed a form which required the signature of someone who would vouch for my honesty.

Is there any reason why such forms cannot be made available at the branch post offices and at the information booth in the main post office?

I cannot omit an expression of appreciation for the thoughtfulness of the censorship clerk, who suggested that I take some additional forms if I planned to send any more film.

Yours, etc.
*A. R.*

*(Name and Address Supplied)*

Jerusalem, December.

### Post Office Replies

We are grateful to A. R. for calling this situation to our attention. As a result of his complaint, it is now possible to obtain these forms at all main and branch post offices in Jerusalem, Tel Aviv-Jaffa and Haifa.

*EH. NISSENBOIM*
*Press Officer*
*Ministry of Posts*

Jerusalem, January 6.

### JUBILEE ISSUE

Editor, The Jerusalem Post

Sir, — For the past few weeks I have been reading through *The Jerusalem Post* Jubilee issue. I cannot tell you how pleased I am to go through its pages.

Since coming to Israel, I have been reading *The Jerusalem Post* continuously. What attracts me to this newspaper is its sincerity, its abhorrence of sensationalism, the light vein of certain items and above all the proper feeling of responsibility.

I understand that you are intending to publish the Jubilee Issue in book form. It is most welcome news. A book form makes it more practical to keep in a library.

Yours, etc.
*ZVI LEV*

Ramat Gan, January 6.

### PUBLIC TELEPHONES

Editor, The Jerusalem Post

Sir, — Public telephones are very frequently out of order in Israel and complaints are always answered by putting the blame on children who wilfully damage the apparatus.

A plain warning in language understood by children, should be prominently displayed in the booths, making it quite clear that damaging public property is a serious offence which will be prosecuted, and also telling parents they will be held responsible for their children.

I am sure a few stiff fines (and it ought to be possible to catch somebody in the act) would prove a strong deterrent, if widely publicised through the press, radio and in schools. As long as telephones are hard-to-get luxuries, the public should at least be able to use public telephones.

Yours, etc.
*G. KEREN*

Haifa, January 8.

### PEN FRIENDS

ALBERT J. UNGAR, 321 Fifth Avenue, New York 17, N.Y., is a stamp collector interested in trading stamps of Israel for stamps of the U.S.A., the United Nations, or any other country.

# MUSICAL DIARY

**First Youth Concert given by the Kol Yisrael Orchestra, Georg Singer, conductor (Y.M.C.A., Jerusalem, January 16). Handel: Concerto Grosso No. 12; Bach: Concerto for Two Violins in D-minor; F. Ben-Haim: "Hitragut," transcribed for violin and orchestra; Tchaikovsky: "Nutcracker Suite."**

FOR some strange reason, some music educators think that Handel and Bach are a specially suitable introduction to the world of music for children. Given the right preparation in their classes, they may derive some benefit listening to short pieces from this period, but to give them readings of complete works lasting from 15 to 20 minutes must tax their power of concentration unduly. The Sephardic melody in the exemplary setting by Paul Ben-Haim came better into the scope of the children's receptiveness, which was wholly exploited only in the last item on the programme. Its short pieces of outspoken character, changing orchestra colours and lively discourses of solo wind instruments proved the right thing and achieved the maximum response. There was one definite improvement: the participation of Meir Harnik, who presented the explanatory remarks with good sense and humour and has the right way of getting along with this difficult but most valuable audience. Despite Georg Singer's endeavours, the orchestra sounded quite poor; the musicians should realize that even unsophisticated ears can feel the subtle difference between good and bad playing.

**The Hebrew University Orchestra, Noam Shevitt, conductor (Wise Auditorium, Jerusalem, January 20). Vivaldi: Concerto Grosso in D-minor; Bach: Concerto for Violin and Orchestra in E; Grieg: Two Lyrical Pieces for Strings; Mozart: Symphony No. 29 in A-major.**

EVEN a college orchestra should at least observe the rules of punctuality and not keep the audience for more than the "academic quarter of an hour." More rehearsals and careful coaching should improve the quality of this orchestra, but what is more important, the amateur musicians should be imbued with the feeling that making music for its own sake is something wonderful which should find its outward expression in the performer's attitude. They all showed a rather strained concentration which did not always bring the expected results.

The conductor forgot himself at times and gave an unnecessary display of acrobatics which detracted from the appreciation of his conducting. A concert-master should also be found for the students to help the conductor lead the violins efficiently.

Refael Fraenkel, the soloist in the Bach Concerto, showed enough talent to warrant further study. The Pieces by Grieg are just sheer sentimentality at its cheapest — why not have taken his strong "Holberg" Suite, which was written for the same instruments?

Despite all this criticism, however, here is a group of music lovers which deserves all support and encouragement in its mission of making music for its own sake.

*Y. BOEHM*

### 'Scholarship' Concerts

THE first in a series of concerts in which American Fund for Israel Institutions scholarship winners are going to appear was held last week at Ramat Gan's Beit Zvi. The performers were Ephraim Biran, the baritone who received a scholarship for study abroad and recently appeared with the Israel Philharmonic Orchestra; Shulamit Spira, the coloratura soprano who won last year's Marian Anderson Prize and a scholarship for study in Israel; Yitzhak Perlman, the 12-year-old violinist who was awarded another such scholarship and whose work was praised by Isaac Stern, Yehudi Menuhin, Leonard Bernstein and others; and Michael Arzewski, a recently arrived pianist who received several awards in Poland and was admitted last week by New York's Juilliard Academy of Music after receiving a Fund scholarship.

A national scholarship fund to be headed by Mr. Moshe Sharett, designed to complement the activities of the American Fund is at present being organized, stated Mr. Yeshayahu Spira, Kol Yisrael's Director of Programmes, who heads the American Fund's Scholarship Committee and stressed the importance of exploiting the artistic potentialities of Israel and immigrant youth.

**CORRECTION**

In the review of Paina Salsmann's playing published last Friday there appeared a line which read "her piano annoyed more than ever" instead of "the instrument annoyed more than ever."





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